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Do You Think the Summers of Florida Are Hotter Than Elsewhere?

Read the Records of the U. S. Weather Bureau

1916 JULY 1916						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

St. Cloud Tribune

ST. CLOUD TEMPERATURE

Date	Max.	Min.
July 20	92	71
July 21	93	71
July 22	93	70
July 23	94	68
July 24	90	73
July 25	90	73
July 26	89	71

VOL. 7, NO. 48. EIGHT PAGES THIS WEEK. ST. CLOUD, OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916. \$1.50 PER YEAR. FIVE CENTS THE COPY.

BOMBS MISS THE CUSHING IN NORTH SEA

Ben Elkins, Former St. Cloud Boy, Is Wireless Operator on Standard Oil Vessel

The following extract from the San Jose (Cal.) Mercury-Herald of July 13th will interest our readers, as Mr. F. E. Elkins and his son are both well known citizens of St. Cloud and have property here:

F. E. Elkins, a prominent newspaperman of the bay cities, well known in this county as a former proprietor of the Santa Clara News, and now a resident of Los Altos, returned from San Francisco last night (July 12th), accompanied by his son, Ben T. Elkins, who is chief wireless operator on the Standard Oil steamer Cushing, which arrived yesterday from West Coast ports of South America.

Young Elkins attended the schools in Santa Clara during his early youth, finishing his education in the East and Florida. Later he graduated from the Marconi School of Wireless Telegraphy in New York City, and for the past two years has been serving as operator on various steamers plowing the waters of the seven seas. He is in love with his chosen profession and is advancing rapidly. After a few days' visit with his parents, he will again embark on the Cushing.

The Cushing attained international fame by being bombarded by a German aeroplane somewhere in the North Sea a few months ago, and in conjunction with the Gulflight and Petrolite, is one of the factors in the now celebrated controversy between the German Kaiser and President Wilson, the American Administration demanding damages and apologies for the outrageous acts of the too zealous representatives of the Kaiser.

The Cushing attracted considerable attention as she swept up the bay and east anchor off Alcatraz Island. American flags were painted upon the sides of her hull and the words, "Cushing, New York, U. S. A." in ten-foot letters, were easily read by people thronging the waterfront.

The bombardment received by the Cushing in the North Sea was not well received by the officers and crew. The chief steward, J. S. Larsen, had an extremely narrow escape from death when a bomb hurtled through the sky, struck the rail three feet from where he stood and glanced into the sea.

NO SUCH COOL NIGHTS IN NEBRASKA

St. Cloud is a good place for summer resorters, says Mr. Thomas. He and his family have returned from Nebraska, where they found the weather entirely too hot for them. They were very glad to get back to a place where the nice cool nights cannot be surpassed in any State.

"THE FLORIDA HOME."

Florida has an attraction for the aged, too. We have seen so many couples—with white hair and low voices and the reticence of suffering and years. They walk hand in hand, along the sunny beaches, or beneath the tall palmettos, or past miles of bright garden, filled to overflowing with the flowers no one seems to see anywhere else. These elderly couples are rejuvenated—they grow suddenly, joyfully young again. Sunshine burns out the chill of age—digs deep into the very hearts of them. And if youth in Florida is fair to look upon, how much more wonderful is the benediction of her blue skies on those who stand at the borderland of Eternity. Yes—it is the home country—the hot-bed of ambition—the tonic of life itself. We know, for we have seen it administered to the sick and the ailing.

By W. LIVINGSTON LARNED.

NUMBER OF DAYS OVER NINETY DEGREES

Florida, 5 to 24 days.
Kansas, 35 to 88 days.
Colorado, 24 to 66 days.
California, 35 to 88 days.

COMRADE BULLARD REMEMBERED BY POSTS

Past Department Commander J. F. Bullard of the District of Florida, G. A. R., is the recipient of a very handsome past commander jewel that he is exhibiting to his friends. It was given to him by a majority of the posts of this State in appreciation of duty performed during his term of office.

ENGINEER REYNOLDS BACK FROM SURVEYING TRIP

Mr. Ralph Reynolds, of the firm of Wiley & Reynolds, engineers, left on Thursday last for Whittier and vicinity, where he has three or four weeks' work for the Consolidated Land Company. The business of the firm is constantly increasing.

PROMOTERS TO ACQUIRE RIGHT OF WAY

Work of Construction on Inter-Urban Railroad Is Expected to Begin September 1st

Mr. W. S. Alyea, who has just returned from the West, where he went to interest capital in our inter-urban road, reports that his trip has been very successful and that capital will be forthcoming as soon as the rights of way can be secured. A capitalist seeking investment naturally requires that something tangible should be done before putting money into any enterprise and the time has now come for those who are interested in this matter to act, not in a few weeks or months, but to act RIGHT NOW.

The advent of inter-urban lines into this State should prove a good investment the same here as they have done in the North, and we should not be backward in pushing anything that will be of benefit to the country.

The first thing to be obtained is the right of way and this should be easily procured. The advantages of the road should actuate the property owners through whose land this railroad is proposed to be run to come forward with their deeds and deed such right of way as the road deems necessary to the South Florida Inter-urban Railroad.

While the donation of land for such a purpose is small the enormous increase in value of all surrounding lands offsets many times over the land that is given. One Florida city, and

FLORIDA IS A SUMMER RESORT SAYS HEAD OF PAVING CONCERN

New Yorker Declares Heat Is Not as Great Here as in the North

Florida as an ideal summer resort State is rapidly becoming known throughout the United States, and according to John Baker, Jr., head of the large paving concern of that name in New York City, this State is just as good a resort in the summer as in the winter.

"I have found the weather delightful during the last several weeks spent on a tour of Florida," declared Mr. Baker recently, "and I really think the days are not near as hot and sultry here as they are in any of the cities of the North," he continued.

Every train and steamship line entering the city bring daily hundreds of residents from Northern points seeking relief from the heat, and the wonderful fishing grounds and water-

ing places in the State are crowded. —Florida Metropolis.

HOTTER IN ILLINOIS.

We quote from a letter from Mr. Louis A. Guessaz, an employee of our office, who is at the present time in Paris, Ill.: "Those folks of St. Cloud who are bemoaning their lot as regards hot weather in Florida, should have been up here the past week. I have never suffered with heat so much in my life, and I have had fifteen years' residence in Dixie, three of them in Florida. Yesterday the thermometer on street level jumped to 105, while Uncle Sam's thermometer, perched away up amongst the gentle zephyrs on the top of the Federal building, registered 99 degrees."

Dry Goods Merchant Views Big Devil Fish

Josh H. Ferguson, who returned Monday from a pleasure trip to St. Petersburg and Pass-a-Grille, was interviewed by a Tribune representative the other day as to the veracity of the report that a large devil fish was caught at the latter resort. Mr. Ferguson confirmed the report and added that he saw the fish with his own eyes. The following is described of the deep sea monster:

"When the people who visited the dock to see the fish were assured that it was dead, they approached near to

it to enable them to look down the devil fish's intake and see the vast space on the inside of the fish, which has the appearance of being a perfect system of rows and grinders, both on the upper and lower. This class of fish is so provided by nature in order that all material it sucks into its intake may be thoroughly ground up before passing into the devil fish's small stomach. It represented the greatest sausage machine and the most perfect one he had ever seen. The fish measured at least ten feet from one extreme to the other."

WILD WOOD PICNIC GROVE IS IMMUNE FROM INFANTILE PARALYSIS AND SHARKS

Captain Cope has a crew of men at work improving his picnic grounds on the north side of the lake, though we do not see where they could be much improved on already.

We know of no other and more popular resort in St. Cloud just at present that provides everything for the comfort and amusement of the aged and the young folks alike than the Wildwood Grove. It is the intention of Captain Cope to make the new venture one of St. Cloud's biggest assets and by the time the tourist season opens, the grove will be the mecca of many hundreds of pleasure seekers, where sports of all kinds will be ample.

To climax the entertainment, a boat ride to and from the picnic grounds at a trifling cost will be a delight to one who craves a change of environment.

an important one at that, tells us, "When you get to our line, we will give you the right of way through the town."

This is not the encouragement that men who are venturing capital should have. They demand "the goods," and that means that the right of way should be specifically determined before operations commence.

If the property owners will only step to the front and signify their intentions and bring their deeds to the work on the first part of the road can be commenced by September 1st. It is not an expensive piece of work to build electric roads through this country and if things can be brought to a head immediately our winter

tourists should see something doing that would encourage them to winter in this section and also to invest any spare change that they might have to invest.

Many of our citizens have signified their willingness to co-operate with the promoters of this road, and that in a substantial manner, and we trust that the advantages may be appreciated and the road be commenced forthwith.

Mr. Alyea came to St. Cloud about ten months ago with the idea that he would make this proposition go and he has worked on it incessantly ever since. Success is now about to crown his work and we are very glad that things are so shaping themselves.

Comes Back to Enjoy Florida Balmy Breezes

Mr. W. Q. Reynolds, who has been spending the last two months in New York State, returned on Saturday last, and from the remarks that he dropped we infer that he was very glad to get home again, and, in fact, that he cut short his visit. He says that St. Cloud is good enough for him in the summer months. When he reached New York State he tells us that he froze and had hard work to keep the stove warm and after that he melted and was glad to come back to enjoy the balmy breezes of Florida.

FACTS PERTAINING TO FLORIDA SUMMER

No sunstrokes.
No heat prostrations.
No hot winds.
Cool breezes daily, as a rule.

THIRD VICTIM OF AUTO ACCIDENT STILL MISSING

Writing to a correspondent in St. Cloud, Mrs. Nicholas Batt tells us that the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Batt, Jr., had been recovered and that it was a great consolation to her to lay them to rest and know that they had been found. The body of the third victim of the accident has not yet been found.

FINE STRING OF BLACK BASS CAUGHT

Our fishermen seem to be having some good sport lately. Earl Scofield, Mrs. Schofield and his young brother went fishing on the canal at Runnymede one day last week and brought home a fine string of black bass.

ST. CLOUD LADY MAROONED FOR 36 LONG HOURS

Washouts in South Carolina Had Time Schedules Smashed Into Smithereens

Mrs. L. U. Zimmerman writes describing her trip North from St. Cloud via Washington:

"Leaving St. Cloud last Thursday evening, July 13, I boarded the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad train at Jacksonville for Washington on Friday morning. After we had passed Charleston, S. C., we came in contact with the storms that devastated some much property and several lives. Our train was held up owing to wash-outs and the unsafe condition of bridges and had to back into Charleston several miles and transfer to the Southern Railroad tracks. At one point we stopped so suddenly that everybody was thrown out of their seats, and upon learning the cause found that a bridge on ahead but a short distance had been washed down stream a hundred or more feet. After a delay of thirty-six hours we reached Washington safely, and I continued from there on to my home—Point Marion, Pa.

"I have traveled quite a great deal, but this is the first experience of the kind I have ever met with, and I trust I shall not have to go through a similar experience again.

"I find the climate in Pennsylvania anything but pleasant, and I wondered when I got here, what I came for."

"BEN" ALLEN IS ASSIGNED BORDER DUTY

Son of St. Cloud Winter Resident, Writes Entertainingly About Trip to Texas

The following from the Scranton (Pa.) Times is from "Ben" Allen, a son of "Tommy" Allen, who spent last winter at the New England house at St. Cloud, and who was a great favorite here. "Ben" is evidently a chip of the old block in regard to both military and social matters. We are glad to learn that "Tommy" will be a St. Cloud visitor again next winter.

"Ben Allen, the well known mail-carrier and amateur minstrel man, and one of the most popular men in the city, who was one of the first to answer the call to the colors by enlisting as a member of Company A, Pennsylvania Engineers, who are now doing border duty at El Paso, Texas, recently sent a letter to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Allen of Hyde Park Avenue and Lafayette Street, in which he gave a description of the trip from Mt. Gretna.

"Arriving at Mt. Gretna early Friday morning, it might be described as a beautiful little vale nestling close to a low mountain range along the front of which the Conewago Creek at no mean pace rushes down its merry course. We spent one busy week of work and preparation, with just enough spare time to drink of its many springs scattered at no great distance apart, and devour the beauties of nature, as well as feast on the delicious wild strawberries so abundant there.

"Friday next we passed through Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Harper's Ferry, Martinsburg, W. Va., and Cumberland, Md. The trip up the Cumberland Valley, along the Potomac, with the rare inspiring varieties of mountain formation, still leaves its impression vividly in my mind. Leaving Grafton, W. Va., through Parkersburg, across the Ohio, darkness denied a view of the section where Indian mounds are located, but the night was astir with a million fireflies flashing everywhere for miles and miles, a scene which defies the genius of all stage mechanism to date. Next day the low-lying prairies of Southern Ohio, then Cincinnati, Ohio; Vincennes, Indiana; across the Wabash River into Illinois, and at midnight at East St. Louis, Ill., across the "Father of Waters" to St. Louis, Mo., and at daybreak climbing the Missouri hills, over the line into Oklahoma, our introduction was made to the Western prairie land. Acres upon acres of cultivation skirted by groves of virgin timber, and a considerable portion of it marred by ugly oil and gas wells. It was also our introduction to the heat of the

(Continued on page 4)

YOUR DUTY TO YOUR TOWN.

As a citizen of your community, what are you doing towards its upbuilding and development? You are either supporting or hindering its progress.

From the beginning of time the success of any community has depended on the success of its merchants. When you fail to support the merchants in your town you are a clog in the wheel of progress.

Patronize your home merchant. He has a right to your support. Your town can grow only as his business grows. His success insures yours. Every dollar you spend at home stays at home.

No class of citizens can so successfully lead the commercial and social upbuilding of any community as can its merchants; but, first, the merchants must have the staunch support of the citizens.

The opportunity to better your town, to lend your aid to its growth and upbuilding, to insure its success, lies within your grasp. Support it through patronizing your local dealer.

—THE FLORIDA GROWER.

Florida Has the Most Uniform and Healthful Climate in the United States

FIND TRAVEL- ING HENNER IN U. S. MAIL

Gamecock and Two Hens Shipped to New York City by Parcel Post Recently

Contrary to the most sacred rule of the parcel post service, a coop containing a bantam game cock and two hens arrived at the New York general postoffice recently on its way from a breeder at Parker's Landing, Pa., to M. McPadden of Bridgeport, Conn. Since Florida resorts flooded the mails a few years ago with baby alligators shipped by parcel post, the rule was established prohibiting the mailing of any kind of live stock.

The presence of the coop in the mails being transferred through the general postoffice was made known by the crowing of the rooster. This also called attention to the fact that one of the hens had laid an egg.

Despite the fact that seventeen cents in postage had been paid by the shipper, he was notified by telegraph that his shipment had been withdrawn from the mails and he was asked to give directions. He replied quickly, directing that the coop be sent to Bridgeport by express. Before turning the coop over to the express company, clerks in the postoffice supplied the chickens with plenty of food and water and kept the egg in payment.

STANDARD SIZES OF OLD GLORY ARE READJUSTED

Standard proportions for the American flag and twelve standard sizes for the use of the executive departments of the Federal Government are prescribed in an executive order promulgated recently by President Wilson. Sixty-six sizes and many designs of varying proportionate width and breadth now are in use in the Government service.

The new standard design is one and nine-tenths as long as it is wide, with the square blue field extending the width of seven of the thirteen stripes. Positions and sizes of the forty-eight stars are also fixed by the order. The twelve flag sizes indicated for Government use vary in width from 1.31 feet to 20 feet, and where the Union Jack is used it is to conform to the flag with which it is flown.

IN A CHINESE JAIL.

Did it ever occur to you to wonder what a Chinese jail was like? Carleton Lacey, a Methodist missionary, describes briefly a visit to one.

"It was my first visit to a Chinese jail, and I was mighty glad for the prisoners that the day was neither hot nor cold. They sat, scores of them, in four great bamboo cages with bamboo floors, and absolutely

nothing but themselves and their rage in the cages. To be sure, there were a very few other rooms furnished with beds in which were kept the better-class or the less criminal offenders. A day or two later, with one of the nurses, I was passing the penitentiary and suggested that we step in to see what it was like. The warden met us very cordially, expressed an interest in the church, and even before we had mentioned the subject, remarked that it was no use trying to reform criminals without changing their character. He suggested that we send some one to preach to them. Then followed a trip through the "pen," which was far more attractive, airy and clean than one I had visited while in the United States. The whole arrangement was modern. Practically all of the prisoners were busy with some trade.

"In one cell I found a political prisoner engaged in translating 'Gardner's History of England' into Chinese. He had been at it ever since he was sentenced two years ago. But he said there were passages, especially those relating to the church, that he found difficult to translate. Remembering certain encounters with passages in that very book during my sophomore days at college, I was relieved that he did not ask my help. But I have been hoping for an opportunity to call on him again.

BUILDING A SHIP EVERY DAY.

United States yards are building a new ship every day. It is a record never before equaled in our country, and is the sequel of our stupendous exports at a time when world commerce is upset by a world war, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. There are now building or under contract 368 steel vessels, the aggregate tonnage of which exceeds 1,120,000. Ships bearing the Stars and Stripes have more than doubled since the war began, and the increase is still going on at high tide. Prior to August, 1914, less than one-tenth of America's foreign commerce was carried in American ships, but at the present rate of building new ones, the period following the end of the war will see a totally different story. The business of transporting over \$5,000,000,000 of exports and imports is a trade worth going after and keeping after till we get it.

DREYFUS IN COMMAND.

French newspapers recently have recalled some of the personages of the "Dreyfus affair" of a few years ago. Alfred Dreyfus, the prisoner of Devil's Island, is now in command of a sector of artillery at Paris. His son, Pierre Dreyfus, has been mentioned in an order of the day for heroic conduct at Douaumont. His nephew, Emilie, son of Mathieu Dreyfus, was killed at the battle of Champagne. He had just been decorated with the Legion of Honor. Colonel Paty de Clam and his sons have also gained the cross of war and promotion in the Legion of Honor. No one knows what has become of Esterhazy, who fled during the affair of Dreyfus to London. It is suspected that he is hiding somewhere under a false name or perhaps is dead.

BRYCE TELLS WHY PEACE MUST WAIT

Nothing Would Be Settled If War Ended Now--Not Aim to Crush the German People

Presiding recently at a luncheon given by the Pilgrims to James M. Beck, former assistant Attorney-General of the United States, in London, Viscount Bryce said he had received an address signed by some Americans, a large proportion of whom had come from Germany, saying: "The war must end in a draw. Why not make peace at once and save further bloodshed?" says the Washington Post.

He would tell the guests of the day, Viscount Bryce continued, why neither the British nor their Allies could follow that advice. He yielded to none in his love of peace, but he declared, "We cannot agree to any such peace as is suggested either by these gentlemen or by the German Government."

"Sure Allies Will Win.

"In the first place, we do not think this war will be a 'draw.' The Allies are going to win. We believe this not merely because our army in France is driving back the Germans, nor because Russian troops have made a brilliant advance, nor because the soldiers of France have been standing like a rock with magnificent valor against the furious attacks made on Verdun. We believe it because the Allies will prove to be stronger on land than the Germans and because we hold unshaken and unshakable control of the sea.

"Secondly, peace cannot be made now, because the German Government is not prepared for it on any terms we could accept. The German Government may know they are going to be beaten, but the German people do not yet know it. They are ignorant of the true facts, and their Government, which has fed them with falsehoods and held out prospects of territorial gains, fears to accept terms which would recognize their own failure.

"Would Not Be Permanent.

"Thirdly, because peace made now on such terms as the German Government would accept would be no permanent peace, but a mere truce. It would mean for Europe constant disquiet, fresh alarms of war, more preparations for war, and further competition in prodigious armaments. "Lastly, because we are fighting for great principles—principles vital to the future of mankind, principles which the German Government outraged and which must at all costs be vindicated.

"We do not hate the German people. We do not wish to break up Germany, nor destroy her national unity, nor inflict permanent injury upon her. What we desire is to exorcise an evil spirit and discredit the military caste which delights in war and threatens not only Europe, but all countries, America included.

"Must Defeat Military Caste.

"Not content for Germany to be a great prosperous nation among other nations, the German Government desires to dominate the world. The only safety for the world is to discredit by defeat that military caste and the military system which gained its control and laid its yoke upon the German people by three successful wars."

In concluding, Viscount Bryce said that Great Britain was fighting for the deliverance of France and Belgium and such changes in the East as will make it impossible for the Turkish Allies of Germany ever "again to massacre their Christian subjects."

SUBMARINE AGAINST A ZEPPELIN

(From the Overseas Edition of the London Daily Mail.)

New-born day had just begun to shoulder back the mists that cloaked earth from the early sunshine when a man clad in artificer's uniform walked to the edge of the jetty, stretched his arms, and gave a mighty yawn, then, dropping quickly down a ladder, stepped on board a submarine.

A sailor busy with a hawser on the forepart was singing in a deep bass—

"For many brave hearts are asleep in the deep. So beware, beware."

Dirge-like was the song, and the lugubrious tone in which the singer drawled it, apparently rapping out the

final "beware" from somewhere near his toes, showed that the sailor was in a perfectly happy frame of mind.

"Well," remarked the artificer, stopping short to make the remark: "That's a cheerful sort o' ditty to start us off with."

A little later a couple of officers and a party of men came over the side of the jetty and took their places on board the submarine. Ropes were cast off and the boats slid quietly past the gray walls of lowering forts on her way to the open sea.

"Heave!" commented an artilleryman craning his neck through an embrasure to look after her, and making a grimace as the oil fumes smote his nostrils, "no need to look for them there submarines; you can smell 'em. Their scent's so strong I wonder they don't hunt 'em down wi' dogs."

On and on went the boat, sometimes awash, sometimes submerged, questing hither and thither about the sea, somewhat in the manner of a terrier hunting for rats in a ditch. In truth, it was "rats" of a sort that she was in search of: artful "water-rats" which only left their holes when the coast lay clear, and scurried back into them again the moment danger threatened. Little chance did they give for either terrier or bigger dog to get a snap at them.

Our boat had been "watching the holes" assiduously for some time, and in doing this had travelled long leagues from home when the "big thing" happened. She was crawling about as fishes swim and had only her periscopes peeping above water (one might, indeed, well have taken her for a large predatory fish possessed of eyes that floated at the surface at the end of long antennae), when the field of the periscope showed a huge body floating between her and the sun.

"A Zeppelin out scouting," reflected the submarine's commander as he studied the image before him. "I wonder if I can get her? At any rate, I'll try," he decided.

Keeping his boat as inconspicuous as possible, for he knew that eyes in the air see deep into the water, the commander gave chase to the great "gas-bag" that sailed above him, apparently unsuspecting of evil. Either the Zeppelin was unwary or she had seen and meant to bomb the submarine. Gradually she dropped lower and lower until she brought herself within gun-range from the sea.

Keenly the submarine's commander watched the airship's maneuvers, doggedly he followed her, and promptly he acted when he judged her to be within his reach. A pull on the lever and he blew out his tanks, a tilt of the lanes and his boat rose to the surface. Up sprang her gun. Eager, but steady-nerved men "laid" it smartly upon the aerial target: a flash from its muzzle, an ear-splitting "bang," and the submarine's crew, watching anxiously the effect of the shot, saw the great airship stagger. "Bag" went the gun again, and once more the Zeppelin was hit. The gunners could see that she was trying, vainly trying, to increase her altitude and get away, so they gave her another dose—and this finished her. The huge silver envelope began to sag heavily, then fell like a bird that has been winged by a fowler.

A queer, uncanny kind of combat this—unprecedented in the world's long fighting history—between a ship designed to battle under water and a ship designed to battle in the air. But the under-water craft had been handled so cleverly that the airship failed to hit her and received a death wound herself.

As she collapsed, a tangled, helpless mass upon the water, the submarine's crew forgot for a moment their stoic self-control and cheered with delight. Pardonable, too, was their exultation, for had they not accomplished a feat never achieved before! Victory, however, did not make them unmindful of the British navy's humane practice of saving the lives of beaten foemen whenever possible. By working energetically at the job they brought on board the submarine as many of the Zeppelin's crew as they could find.

Longer search was made impossible by an interruption that could not be ignored. A six-inch shell shrieked angrily over the boat and plunged into the sea just beyond her. It came from an enemy cruiser which was tearing wrathfully toward the scene of the fight, intent upon destroying the victor in it and in no mood to discriminate whether its shells fell upon foes only or upon friend and foe alike.

Submarines are "slick" of movement. This one was commanded by a master of his craft, who had no in-

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FIGHTING U. S. BOY SOLDIER ROUND YPRES

Reclaimed After 11 Months' Active Service With the British Guns

Harold Phillips of Everett, a suburb of Boston, Massachusetts, is sailing from Liverpool this week, after eleven months of active service on the British front, says the Overseas Edition of the London Daily Mail.

He was only sixteen years old when he enlisted in the Royal Field Artillery early last summer. Since then he has been in much of the fiercest fighting round Ypres. Phillips, who is over five feet, ten inches in height, has been "reclaimed" by his parents as a minor.

When Phillips landed at Glasgow in May, 1915, from the steamer Borderdale, from Chile, he decided to enlist with a shipmate. His parents thought that he was still a sailor, but one day last winter they got news from him in Flanders. They then applied to the American State Department, and the American Embassy in London, with the aid of the British Foreign Office and War Office, succeeded in finding their son last month.

He had been serving as a saddler with his battery, and is proud of the discharge which he is taking back with him. He says he has had a "bully time."

FREEZING FISH.

The feat of freezing live fish and reviving them several weeks or months later has been achieved by the Swiss scientist, M. Pieter, says the Indianapolis News. The scientist put twenty-five live fish in a box that contained water rich in oxygen, in which several pieces of ice floated. The temperature of the water was then reduced slowly until it froze. At the end of about two months the cake was gradually thawed, and the fish, it is said, were found alive. In such an experiment, the scientist reports, it is essential that the water be gradually frozen, and that it shall have contained pieces of frozen ice for from fifteen to eighteen hours before the whole mass is frozen. The process of thawing must also be slow. Through this process it is believed that Siberian sturgeon and Alaskan salmon can be "exported" alive to distant markets.

BIRD BUILDS

SNAKE-LINED NEST

Habit of generations leads the crested fly-catcher to select a dried snake-skin to line his nest. There are various explanations of why he does it, according to the Philadelphia North America. Some naturalists

believe it is an effort on the part of the bird to render the nest water-proof. Others think the dried skin serves as a burglar alarm to rattle at the approach of a squirrel or another enemy and warn the bird to defend his home.

He builds his nest in hollow trees, stumps or posts. Sometimes he "rents" the abandoned home of a wood-pecker. Professor H. A. Surface, Pennsylvania State Zoologist, tells of one that usurped a rural mail box for his flat; of recent years they have been known to inhabit box houses put up for their special benefit.

So if you want to encourage the crested fly-catcher, build him a box nest. He'll pay his rent many times over. He eats beetles, flies, grasshoppers, butterflies and moths, and few insects are speedy enough to escape the snapping of his bill. If you keep the cats chained and lock up the boys' air rifles during the months of May and June, the fly-catcher will build his nest and work for you all summer.

BARBED WIRE PRODUCTION.

According to the census publications, the United States produced \$13,704,357 worth of barbed wire during the year 1914. This would be a little over \$2 worth of barbed wire for each farmer in the United States, comments Wallace's Farmer. It is interesting to note that we produced about \$5,000,000 worth more of woven wire and poultry netting than of barbed wire.

During the five years prior to 1914 the wire industry in the United States had been practically stationary. Figures since that date are not available, but will probably show a greatly increased production of barbed wire, on account of the large use being made of it on the battlefields of Europe. In trench warfare barbed wire is used to form an entanglement as a protection to the trenches. It is loosely strung on posts when there is time for doing this—but it has been found almost equally as effective when simply unrolled, fastened at both ends and pegged down to the ground occasionally.

DOG GUARDS LONELY GRAVE.

In the cemetery at Filtonham, Ohio, a homeless dog mourns on the grave of George Baker. They call her "The Graveyard Dog." Five years ago the dog came to the cemetery following the funeral procession of Baker, an aged farmer, who died at his home near here. Every night the dog keeps a close vigil over the grave. It sleeps for hours at a stretch during the day on the little mound that marks Baker's resting-place.

Villagers long ago gave up hope of coaxing the dog away from there. She leaves the cemetery only long enough each day to search for food.

BERLIN PAPERS SMALLER.

A majority of the Berlin newspaper proprietors have decided to reduce the size of their publications from August 1, owing to the increasing cost of paper. Some will increase subscription rates.

CHAS. GOODRICH

Jeweler

**Diamonds Watches Clocks
Jewelry Optical Goods**

First-class Repairing

Penn. Ave. 40-41 St. Cloud, Fla.

ICE CREAM

We are now serving Band's Ice Cream

The Alcove Confectionery

St. Cloud Undertaking Parlors

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Hearse or Auto Service

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Open Day and Night

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BOND ISSUE FOR OKEECH- OBEE ROAD

Osceola County Commissioners
Pass Resolutions Providing
For Special Election

OKEECHOBEE, July 19. — (Special)—Here is good news for those who are interested in the Everglades. At the session of the Board of County Commissioners on Monday an election to vote on a special road and bridge district, which carries with it bonds in the amount of \$150,000, was ordered. This money will be used to construct a highway to Lake Okeechobee from West Palm Beach. —Florida Metropolis.

(We would like to know why Osceola County should order an election for roads between Okeechobee and Palm Beach?)

IF WE COULD ONLY BE!

(A Poem for Parents Only.)
There is a poem I have read, and which is quoted far,
Advising boys to be the sort their mothers think they are;
But I would nobler be than that, and bear fame's oriflame,
If I could only be the man my youngster thinks I am.
I'd be the bravest man alive, the staunchest ever born,
The greatest and most versatile that could the world adorn;
And, if I chose, far doughtier in strife than any other,
And very near as good and wise and lovable as mother.

Ah, parents! What are precepts all when little children grow
To learn we are not quite the sort they thought they used to know?
We could make home a dearer place and life more perfect far,
If we stress more to be the folks our babies think we are.
—By LEE SHIPPEY.

LEAP MINES.

How far can a man go underground? One of the Lake Superior copper mines has reached a depth of 4,575 feet. The Sperenberg shaft, near Berlin is 3,810 feet deep. The Selseloch mine, near Merseburg, Germany, has gone down 5,528 feet,

and the Paruschowitz mine, in Silesia, had to give up operations after 6,000 feet had been reached.

The gigantic ropes can barely carry their own weight after they reach a depth of 5,000 feet and are unable to carry a carriage besides. Moreover, mining entails a turning of diamond or other drills, and no power has been discovered to turn a drill at a greater distance than 6,000 feet, and even then several hours are required to give the drills a turning movement.

So far all delving into the ground has had a commercial objective, but the Austrian Government has promised scientists to allow them to exploit, after the war, the Silesian mines for scientific purposes.

Prof. Hanauer of the University of Breslau is promoting this investigation and has arranged to have "way stations" built along the original shaft and these can be multiplied ad libitum. Exactly how he intends to meet the temperature conditions has not been disclosed. Practical men hold that 6,000 feet is the limit of depth that can be reached in safety.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

"Pate de foie gras" is a French dish made of goose liver and served by Irish waiters, writes Zim in Cartoons Magazine. You will find it mentioned on the menu of almost every fashionable hotel and restaurant. If it is ever your good luck to eat it in a place where they have patty-de-what-you-may-call-it on the bill of fare, don't display your bad bringing up by calling for it. It will save the waiter the humiliation of explaining how it happened that they are just out of it and how a cargo on its way was overtaken and sunk by a German submarine. Pate de foie gras is a standard filler which is kept in type form to give the place a swell air.

Don't ever attempt to pronounce the dish aloud in public, because it isn't what it spells. Let the Irish waiter pronounce it for you, and you will make no mistake. In ordering point to it with your finger, preferably the one with the big diamond ring on it, and don't forget that a generous tip should follow at the conclusion of the service, for the dignity of pate de foie gras should be sustained at all hazards!

"MILLIONAIRE KID"

A SOLDIER

H. S. A. Stewart, Jr., known as the "millionaire kid," whose father is a banker, capitalist and director in a half dozen big Pittsburgh corporations, has enlisted. He is reputed to be worth \$2,000,000 in his own right. He enlisted as a private in Company B, Eighteenth Pennsylvania Regiment. He kept step with the butcher, baker and candle-stick maker as the regiment marched away. He passed a high physical examination.

SOME USES OF RICE FOR HOUSEWIVES

Food Specialists Suggest Ways
of Serving This Nutri-
tious Cereal

The experts of the Office of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture have been studying the uses of rice, a food which can be served in many palatable ways all the year, but which seems particularly appetizing in summer.

Boiled rice, prepared in Southern fashion, so that all the grains are kept separate, is sufficiently attractive in appearance to justify its slight wastefulness, except, of course, where strictest economy is necessary. Slowly add a cupful of thoroughly washed rice to a quart of rapidly boiling water, which contains two level teaspoonfuls of salt. If carefully done, the boiling (which should continue all the time the rice is cooking) will not be stopped. Stirring is not permitted, as this will break the rice grains. About twenty minutes is sufficient to cook the rice, which can be tried from time to time by taking one or two grains between the fingers. Pour off all the water from the cooked rice, cover with a cloth, and place in a warm part of the stove, so that the grains will swell. To remove the starchy material from the outside of the grains, cook sometimes turn the cooked rice into a strainer and pour one quart of hot water over it before covering with a cloth and allowing to steam and swell. A cupful of raw rice cooked in this way will give over four cupfuls of very white and light, boiled rice. The water drained off from the rice can be used in soup making to save the starch and mineral matter which it contains.

If one wishes to use a fireless cooker, add a cupful of well washed rice to three cupfuls of boiling water, in which two level teaspoonfuls of salt are dissolved. Cook for five minutes and then put in a fireless cooker. In two hours the rice should be done. If any water remains unabsorbed, it can be drained off. Rice varies somewhat in the amount of water it absorbs, and the housekeeper accordingly should vary the amount of water used.

Rice when cooked as described

above is excellent when served as a vegetable with meats, as in the well known "chicken and rice." Such uses of rice are particularly welcome in the period when "old potatoes" are not very palatable and "new potatoes" have not yet appeared in the locality or are high in price in market.

Another dish which has almost as good an appearance may be prepared by cooking rice in a double boiler, without stirring, and using about three cupfuls of water and a level teaspoonful of salt to each cupful of rice. If a more savory dish is desired—skim milk, whole milk, meat broth, strained tomato juice or vegetable broth may be used in place of water. Rice may also be combined with protein-rich foods, such as milk, cheese, and eggs for use in place of meat, or with small amounts of vegetables to make the latter "go further." Of course, such a dish does not contain as much tissue-building protein as if it were made entirely of meat, but when the meat provided ordinarily is generous and the aim is to reduce the cost, without lessening the attractiveness of the food, such combinations are well worth trying.

The following recipe for an economical dish made with rice and left-over mutton may prove useful:

Steamed Mutton and Rice.

Four cups cooked rice, two cups cooked mutton cut into small pieces, one teaspoon salt, few drops onion juice, one tablespoonful chopped parsley, one-fourth cup bread crumbs, one egg and one-fourth teaspoonful pepper. Stock or water as needed.

Grease a mold or bowl of about one and one-half quarts capacity and line with cooked rice. Heat the meat with the other ingredients, using enough stock to make a mixture that is moist, but will hold its shape. Pack the meat in the center of the mold and cover with the remaining rice, grease the cover of the mold (if a bowl is used, a plate will serve for a cover), steam or cook in water enough partly to cover the mold until the contents are thoroughly heated through. Turn on a hot platter and serve with tomato sauce.

The above recipe, it will be noted, suggests the use of bread crumbs instead of flour for thickening, which is often a way of saving bread which might otherwise be wasted, and which is also one way of securing variety, as a different texture results from that when flour is used.

If one finds it convenient, cold lamb, veal or chicken may be used in place of mutton in preparing this dish.

As the basis of a sweet dessert, rice is always useful, especially so for invalids and little children. If combined with milk and eggs it makes a very nutritious dish as well as one easily digested. Plain boiled rice, cooked either in water or in milk, and served with a little stewed fruit, maple syrup, honey, or other simple flavor, makes a more wholesome dessert for children than rich puddings or pies, because it is less likely to upset the digestion or to destroy the appetite for simple foods.

Cold rice, particularly that which is cooked so that the grains are separate, is a good addition to vegetable salads, combining well with celery, string beans and tart apples. If one wishes, some chicken cut in small pieces also can be added.

It is well to remember that when rice is used abundantly in the diet it is particularly desirable to include generous amounts of green vegetables and fruits also, in order that a supply of vitamins and of mineral substance adequate in kind and quantity may be provided.

WAR ON A GIGANTIC SCALE.

The human mind staggers and reels as it attempts to grasp and apply the figures now coming from the battlefields of Europe, says the New York Herald. Only the other day it was announced that England had 4,000,000 men under arms. Yesterday came the news from German sources that the Russian infantry now actually on the field of battle on the Eastern front numbers 2,740,000 men. The statement comes from London that the German losses since the war began, based on German figures, exceed 3,000,000 men. The war bulletin from Petrograd recently declared that General Brusiloff's army up to July 10 had taken prisoner 5,620 officers and 266,000 men. Fifty-three years ago the high-water mark on battlefields in the United States was reached at Gettysburg, when the Union army numbered 88,000 men and the Confederate army 73,000 men, and the losses in three days' fighting on both sides—killed, wounded and missing—aggregated 43,449. The German losses in the war thus far of about 3,000,000 men exceed by more than 200,000 the total strength of the Northern armies engaged in the Civil War from 1861 to 1865.

THE OLDEST LIVING THING IN CALIFORNIA

Big Tree 2,000 Years Young
at Time of Christ's Birth
in Sequoia National Park

Towering a giant among giants, the oldest living thing that connects the present with the dim past, majestic in its mien, its dignity and its world-old experience, the "General Sherman tree" is the patriarch of the Sequoia National Park of California. It was already 2,000 years old when Christ was born, says the National Geographic Magazine. In the age when the known world was rocking in the throes of the Trojan wars and the time that history tells us marked the exodus of the Hebrews from Egypt, this greatest of Sequoia gigantea was a flourishing sapling of some twenty or thirty feet in height, and truly under the especial care of the Creator, who held it safe from the lightnings of His wrath as he did from the attacks of earthly enemies.

The "General Sherman" was discovered in 1879 by James Wolverton, a hunter, and named by him in honor of General William Tecumseh Sherman. It towers 279.2 feet into the sky; its base circumference is 102.8 feet; its greatest diameter, 36.5, and it has developed a diameter of 17.7 feet at a point 100 feet above the ground.

ROBIN'S NEST IN ENGINE ROOM

Harry Balsly, steam shovel engineer, witnessed the building of a robin's nest in his engine room while the plant was in operation in East Walnut Hills, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

"It is remarkable that a robin should build her nest in such a noisy place," said Deputy Game Warden Kuertz, "but it shows that people do not harm birds as they used to, and they are becoming pets."

Balsly takes care of the robin and feeds it daily.

THAT HAMMOND TORPEDO.

Among the stories of "Interesting People" in the July American Magazine, is an account of John Hays Hammond, Jr., whose remarkable device for steering torpedoes by wireless has been bought by the United States for \$750,000.

"As soon as he got out of college he put up the laboratory at Gloucester and got down to the business of perfecting his system of wireless control of torpedoes. That he had to take out 130 patents, and that he worked on the proposition almost seven years, is proof enough that this young fellow had tackled a big job."

"This torpedo of Hammond's is really a surface craft which can carry 5,000 pounds of the highest explosive and travel at about fifty miles an hour. When several army officers—'dabbling Thomases' all of them—at last were prevailed upon to visit Gloucester—Hammond, leading

them to his wireless station said: "If you take these glasses you will see a bamboo pole which I have set upright in the water three miles out at sea. It is upright because one end of it is weighted. I propose to hit that pole with this torpedo nine times out of ten."

"The officers took the glasses and saw the feat accomplished."

"Now," pursued the inventor, "if you gentlemen will get on the craft and wigwag to me, while you are on it, in what direction you want to go, when you want to stop, and where you want to strike, I'll carry out the directions."

"They consented rather reluctantly. Hammond, by manipulating wireless ways against the delicate machinery of the torpedo, steered them as they directed, through the sailing vessels and other craft."

"After that, the War Department began to sit up and take notice."

THE ST. PATRICK OF BUSINESS

The consumer has more at stake in national advertising than would at first appear. National advertising has been the St. Patrick of business, says the Christian Herald. It has driven misrepresentation, careless workmanship and shoddy merchandise back into the shadows of the rear room. It has put business on a new four square basis of truth in merchandise, in business relations, and in publicity. National advertising has standardized merchandise and has forced new standards of quality, which, but for it, would not have been possible, except at much higher prices under the blind systems of distribution which formerly ruled. The breakfast table of almost any American home today is eloquent testimony to the influence of national advertising. The hats we wear, the hose we endeavor to wear out, and nearly every article of human use will be found bearing the stamp or imprint of an advertiser of national repute. "The national advertiser has made it possible for the consumer to know what he is buying, and to be sure that when he buys he will get the quality that he expects."

PATRIOTIC EMPLOYERS.

We are glad to see that so many of our business men assure their employees that service in the National Guard at this time will not jeopardize their jobs in civilian life or their accustomed incomes, says the Ohio State Journal. Quite generally the employers, confronted with the temporary loss of some of their young men, have promised them that their positions will be awaiting them when they return from the camps and that the difference between what they received in those positions and their army pay will be made up to them. This is the right and patriotic attitude for an employer to assume. It certainly would not be just to allow the young soldiers, many of whom have others dependent upon their earning capacity, to make all the sacrifice. They do their full share when they signify their willingness, if need be, to give their lives to their country, which is what service in the militia means.

In some of the small streams in Honduras there is a peculiar small fish whose eyes protrude above the surface of the water, serving probably as insect-hunting periscopes.

FLORIDA CITRUS EXCHANGE

Compare the conditions in the citrus industry of Florida that exist now with those of the years before the formation of the Florida Citrus Exchange. If you were not in the State then, ask old residents for the facts on this subject.

The Exchange has made good. It has brought about better methods of packing fruit. The demand among housewives for Florida oranges and grapefruit has been greatly increased by its efforts. Prices secured by all growers have been better because of the higher figures at which it has sold the fruit of its members. Why not join the Exchange?



STEAMER "Queen of the Lake"

WILL LEAVE ITS WHARF FOR LAKE EXCURSION
Every Thursday at 2 P. M.

Also Sunday excursion.

Vessel for charter for parties of 25 or more.

APPLY TO

D. C. COPE, Owner, Penn. Ave.

Stayers' Sale

Every summer we have put on a sale for the benefit of those who stay here through all the year, and to help us keep busy during the dull season.

Every one knows that hardware prices are steadily advancing but for all that we are going to offer you a discount of 10 per cent from our regular prices on everything but fencing and white lead.

This sale gives any one that needs them a splendid chance to buy refrigerators, ice boxes, cream freezers, or oil stoves at a very low price. Also any one needing sash, doors, roofing, paints, etc.

This offer holds good only during July.

W. B. MAKINSON CO.

The Flower Bed Store

Opposite the Depot

ST. CLOUD, FLORIDA

We are
St. Cloud
Agents
For

POINSETTIA ICE CREAM

MADE IN TAMPA, FLA.

Which is made under the most sanitary conditions possible and contains the very best materials obtainable in the United States.

MARINE'S PHARMACY

ST. CLOUD

Phone 51

FLORIDA

Once
Tried
Always
Preferred

COMING VISITING GOING

ST. CLOUDLETS

LOCAL PERSONAL SOCIAL

Fire insurance, taxes, A. E. Drought.

Mrs. William Montsdeoca and children are visiting at Frostproof.

Cast your eye on our weekly program, on page five, at bottom of fifth column.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Carlson and son Robert were Kissimmee visitors on Sunday last.

Mrs. E. P. Demmon left on Thursday last for Western points and will be away for some time.

Mr. C. H. Burdall returned to St. Cloud on Thursday last. He has been away for several weeks.

See "Spellbound," that three-reel feature Wednesday at the Palm Theatre, starting at 7 p. m.

Rev. W. J. Kenney has recently put up some elegant lettering and decorative work in the Christian Science building.

Mr. and Mrs. Riggan and family and Mr. and Mrs. Riley Godwin and family motored to Palm Springs on Sunday last.

Horace Padgett left Monday night for Kissimmee, where his brother Henry is reported to be seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Coble, Sr., has been a patient at the Chunn Sanitarium for several days. We trust to see him on the streets again within a few days.

Captain D. C. Cope and wife went to Tampa on a visit on Friday last. They went by road in their Maxwell under the guidance of Clarence Bailey.

Sheriff Inram was here from Kissimmee on Friday. He was on a pleasure trip. The Sheriff is not called to our town very often on business matters.

Mr. John A. Craven, in renewing his subscription to the St. Cloud Tribune, remarks: "Enclosed renewal to your valuable paper. I appreciate reading it very much."

There will be a picnic next Sunday, given by business men, grocers and butchers, on Alligator Lake, near head of canal. Everybody invited. Come and bring your baskets.

Postmaster J. J. Johnston and family and Mr. L. Williams and family motored over to Orlando this week. They report the roads much improved and all had a pleasant trip.

Mr. W. S. Alyea returned from the West on Thursday last and reports having had a very successful business trip. We hope now to see that the interurban line is being pushed.

We are informed that the Stork paid a visit to our friends, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Wright at Golden, Montana, on July 14th, and left with them a fine son. His name is Frank Gilbert Wright.



Uncle Josh Ferguson
Manager

H. C. STANFORD CO.

JUST BACK FROM A TRIP TO
PASS-A-GRILLE AND YOU
SHOULD HEAR HIM TELL
ABOUT THE GOOD SEA FOOD
HE HAD ON THE ISLAND.

S. W. Porter, real estate, insurance.

R. G. Widrig was a business visitor to Kissimmee last Tuesday.

The Queen of the Lake made a trip on Sunday last to Fells Point and carried a good passenger list. Business is improving, the captain tells us, but there is still room for more improvement.

Mr. B. F. Bigelow of Lokoossee, Fla., was in town on Thursday last, a guest at the Bonair House. Mr. Bigelow was on his way to Kissimmee to prove up on his homestead near Whittier.

Mrs. O'Hara and daughter, Miss Mary E. O'Hara, left on Monday for Watertown N. Y., but will remain for a few days in New York City. They went via the St. Johns River boat and steamer Lenape.

Monday is "Hazards of Helen" day, the great railroad series, featuring Helen Gibson.

Editor King tells us that he has just heard that his half-brother, Louis King, was with the Anzacs in Gallipoli and that he was wounded while fighting the Turks and has since returned to New Zealand.

Miss Katheline Riggan and a party of six went over to Orange County on Sunday last and had a very pleasant time and also managed to keep out of the rain. Miss Riggan is fast becoming an expert driver.

No more restful place these no days in Florida than at the "Wentworth Cottage," kept by Mrs. Fred Davies—\$2.00 for a good room fitted for light-housekeeping. Bathing and fishing within five minutes walk.

Laymann's Soap Liniment and Salve, etc., can be had of Mrs. J. B. Matthews during my absence.—H. C. Bagley. (Positively no business done on Saturday.) Order from Mrs. J. B. Matthews, Carolina Avenue and Seventeenth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Nichols and sister, Mrs. Henry Dale, and Mr. and Mrs. Vreeland motored to Orlando on Sunday last and had a very pleasant trip. They got caught in a shower on the way home, but it had one redeeming quality—it cooled the air after a very warm day.

The following stores have agreed that the closing hours during the summer months shall be as follows: Thursdays at noon; Saturdays at 10 p. m., and the rest of the week at 6:30 p. m.: L. U. Zimmerman, Durham's Department Store, H. C. Stanford & Co., Drawdy's Department Store.

Henry Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, her sister, Miss Gladys Saunders, and Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Knight spent Sunday in Orlando, going down by auto. Next time this bunch goes down and there is going to be a heavy rain, the ice cream parlors want to be advised beforehand, so that they may lay in a good supply.

The latest feature in movies—the Selig Tribune. It is a newspaper of pictures from all over the world. Every Tuesday at Palm Theatre.

The Loyal Order of Moose held a meeting last week at which the club organized and about fifty members were initiated. St. Cloud Moose will be the guests of the Kissimmee Lodge tonight. They will hold a regular meeting at St. Cloud on Monday next, when officers will be elected for the ensuing term.

One of our Kissimmee friends, who has been in town several times of late, but who, owing to his business in Kissimmee, comes very seldom to St. Cloud, was able to remark the other day that there is no town in Florida that has made the strides that the Wonder City has made during the past five years. His interest is now aroused and he will be here more frequently. His opinion is corroborated by many who have not been here for a year or two.

Mr. T. E. Fletcher, National Bank Examiner, was in town yesterday and examined the condition of our bank. Finding everything in good shape and the books excellently kept, his stay was not very long.

Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Washburn, who have been away for a short trip, returned to town on Wednesday. They report having had such a good time that they will try it again. Mr. Washburn is looking very much better than when he left.

Mrs. George Maine, who is one of our old subscribers, writes to us like an old friend. She says: "Enclosed renewal of subscription for The Tribune, which I would miss as much as our daily paper if I failed to get it. I hope to hear of the success of the interurban road."

Mr. R. L. West, vice-president of the John McCrary Company of Atlanta, was in St. Cloud looking over the city on Wednesday. Mr. West has not been here for some time and was very much surprised at the big improvements that had been made since his last visit.

An advertisement in the Tribune pays a hundred per cent on the investment.

Mrs. William Ricketts and brother, Mr. Wheeler, returned from Ohio on Thursday last and were very glad to get back to the sunny South. Mr. Wheeler says that business will call him home again next summer, but when he returns it will be St. Cloud for him the rest of his days. They left the daughter of Mrs. Smith, who was here three years ago, in a very weak condition, but there are hopes that she will soon recover.

On Friday afternoon the members of Class No. 2 of the Baptist Sunday School were pleasantly entertained by their teacher, Mrs. Robert Widrig, at her home on Michigan Avenue. With games, pictures and Victrola music the hours quickly passed. At five o'clock luncheon was served on the porch. Several of the class are out of town. Those present were Ola Montsdeoca, Adell Drake, Janet Morgan, Genevieve Hufford, Otis Bass, Bertha McClelland and Myrtle Keller.

Mr. J. C. Lindsey left on Saturday last for Ravenna, Ohio. He will return in about two months. Mr. Lindsey came to St. Cloud in the year 1909 and has, with the exception of two short visits to the North, been in town ever since his arrival. He tells us that there is no place in the world in his estimation, like the Wonder City, and he will not remain away a day longer than is absolutely necessary to attend to the business that he has on hand. He is one of our best Booster citizens and has some good property here.

The following clipping is from the Times of Somerset, Ky., and relates to Miss Shadoan, who has been a teacher in St. Cloud for some time: "Miss Kate Shadoan, after a two years' stay in Florida, is at the home of her father, Senator George W. Shadoan, for a few weeks' visit. Miss Shadoan is a graduate of the Somerset High School and a young lady of culture and education. She has distinguished herself as a teacher in Florida, and her work has received from the press many complimentary comments. Our teachers take a front rank everywhere, and we are proud of the distinction achieved by Miss Shadoan."

Mr. Moses Bowen, Company B, One Hundred and Fifty-fourth New York, who spent several months with his daughter, Mrs. R. G. Widrig of Michigan Avenue, left here July 15th for New York State. He made the trip via the Clyde line from Jacksonville to New York City, and writes his daughter that he has arrived at Pearl River, where he will spend some time with another daughter, Mrs. D. Von Soosten. From there he will go to Western New York to visit relatives and friends around his old home at Ellicottville, Cattaraugus County. He wrote a very interesting diary of his trip. They passed within sight of the wreck of the Hector, destroyed by the late Atlantic storm off the Carolina coast. They encountered rough seas, but no storm, and he was not seasick, though many were. He will return in the fall as soon as he can cast a vote for Hughes.

"AMERICA" IS DECLARED NOT NATIONAL SONG

Comrade Claussen Is in Favor of the Substitution of "Star Spangled Banner"

The Veterans' Association convened in regular session Saturday, July 22, with Frank Kenney presiding.

The audience sang "America" and W. F. Kenney offered prayer, followed by all offering the Lord's Prayer.

The secretary read the proceedings of July 15th and they were approved as read.

The choir sang "Old Black Joe."

The president here asked if any one had anything for the good of the Association or town and Comrade Claussen said he thought a mistake was made in substituting "America" for our National anthem, instead of "The Star Spangled Banner," and he thought also everybody ought to stay in the hall while "The Star Spangled Banner" was being sung at the close.

Here a discussion arose as to which was really our National anthem. Several participated in this and Comrade Claussen promised to have proofs here next Saturday and settle the controversy.

Mr. Weatherston, a son of Comrade Weatherston, is here from Minnesota and made a few remarks.

Mr. Boyer, from Freeport, Ill., is stopping with his friend, Comrade Wetherbee and gave a few splendid words of good cheer.

A collection for the hall amounted to \$3.09.

Mrs. Lemuel Williams was elected chorister of the Association during the absence of Comrade Lynch.

The following excellent program was given under the direction of Mrs. Weston Bailey:

Reading, "Why the South Is Going Dry," Mrs. Gould.

A splendid selection was a tenor solo given by Lee Harwood, assisted by Edith Harrod at the piano. He was compelled to sing another.

A dialogue entitled, "Way Down East," was given by the following cast:

Mrs. Ernest Vockrodt as Arabella.

Miss Goldie Firkins as Mary.

Mrs. Carrie Williams as Susannah.

Charlie Miller, Jr., as Algernon.

D. B. McKay as Jeremiah Pike.

All did their parts well and the audience was highly pleased by their efforts and generously applauded them.

Our old friend, Eugene Schofield, who has been ill for some time, was out and aided in the entertainment by giving two numbers on the life, assisted by John Andrist with his violin. Mr. Schofield is by far the best fifer heard in St. Cloud and many other places.

Golda Groves recited nicely and in answer to the outburst of applause, gave "Grumble Corner."

John Mettinger, from the Dodge City Soldiers' Home of Kansas, was present with his graphophone and gave several selections, an especially good one being "Home, Sweet Home," as played in Germany, Spain, Scotland, Italy and America.

By request, B. G. Sill entertained by reciting "The Raven," by Poe. Mr. Sill is a splendid elocutionist.

Misses Otis Bass and Lillian Mayes sang "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" very pleasingly.

Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Williams and Mrs. Beebe entertained with the voice, cymbals, piano and tambourine, respectively.

The program ended with two selections on the accordion by Mr. Diagle. The audience sang "The Star Spangled Banner" and adjourned until next Saturday.

John M. Anderson, Secretary.

C. L. Coats casts his lot with St. Cloud again, after conducting a grocery store for several months at Winter Park. He is the senior member of the firm of Coats & Marsh, grocers, at 224 Florida Avenue.

McELROY AUXILIARY A. & N. UNION NO. 17

The Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary A. & N. Union No. 17 met at their room in the Masonic Temple July 24 at the usual hour.

Lady Commander Mary P. Doughty in the chair.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved and Mrs. Pauline Wise was mustered into the order.

It was reported that Lady Comrade Thomas had returned from the North and that others would shortly return. The next meeting of the order will be on August 4th, at which a full attendance is requested.

Mrs. E. Vreeland, Press Cor.

BADGER STATE ASSOCIATION.

The Badger State Association met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Mason on Florida Avenue, July 20, at 2 p. m.

The meeting was called to order by the president, Captain Sheldon.

Some old familiar songs were sung, after which about twelve new Badgers were voted in as members of the association, nearly all Wisconsin people.

The afternoon was spent visiting and each and all enjoyed the social hour.

A generous supply of ice cream was served with cake to about thirty Badgers and all enjoyed every minute of the time while there.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Williams on Michigan Avenue and Fifteenth Street, August 17th. All Wisconsin people are cordially invited.

Anna Ansbaugh, Press Correspondent.

CROSS PRAIRIE BAPTIST CHURCH

There will be services at the Cross Prairie Baptist Church Friday night and all day Saturday. There will also be services Sunday morning and at night.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Harry E. Thompson of Glenwood, Florida, will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church on next Sabbath, both morning and evening. All members and others interested in the welfare of the church are requested to be present.

Silas Cooke, Pastor.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

Five room house—the coolest in town. A bargain if taken at once. Apply Tribune office.

48-11pJ

THIS WEEK'S PROGRAM AT THE PALM THEATRE

THURSDAY, July 27—Elizabeth Burbridge, in "The Double Cross," 2-reel detective drama. "The Sheriff's Duty," a Western mining drama. Plump and Runt, in "Thirty Days," comedy.

FRIDAY, July 28—Frank Mayo and Lillian West in a 3-reel Knickerbocker Star feature, "A Child of Fortune." "An Innocent Vampire," Sis Hopkins.

SATURDAY, July 29—"Miss Adventure," featuring Mary Anderson, one of those clever Broadway Star features. "Caught With the Goods," and "A Daylight Burglar," a split-reel comedy.

MONDAY, July 31—"A Rose of Italy," featuring Ann Kirk, who appears in the bright colors of her race. "One Chance in a Hundred," one of the most exciting railroad dramas we have had for some time. An episode of hazards of Helen.

TUESDAY, August 1—"Whose Looney Now?" 2-reel comedy. "The Selig Tribune." A few of the topics in this issue: Views of the Glen Springs, Tex., raid, in which three United States soldiers were killed; at El Paso, Texas; and Sheephead Bay speedway, 150-mile auto race. "Ham's Busy Day," 1-reel Ham & Bud comedy.

WEDNESDAY, August 2—A special 4-reel Knickerbocker Star feature, title, "Spellbound," featuring Louis Meredith and William Conklin.

FRANCHISE FOR ELECTRIC ROAD IS APPLIED FOR

Failure of Petitioners to Present Application in Writing Causes Postponement of Action

Council met July 24th in regular recessed session, with J. I. Cummings, President pro tem, O. L. Buckmaster, L. W. Farris, D. H. Gill, and F. B. Kenney present.

Communications from City Solicitor Crawford with reference to railroad crossings, condemned building on Lot 12, Block 162, and cases in court against DeGraw, Drought, J. F. Farris and E. G. Farris read and placed on file.

Mr. Gill was appointed on committee with O. L. Buckmaster and F. B. Kenney to confer with Messrs. DeGraw, Drought, Farris and Farris in regard to compromising the cases in court against them.

Mortgage deed to Lot 24, Block 195, received and placed on file. Same being to secure city for sidewalk constructed.

Treasurer's report for July presented and read. Report shows balance of \$1,572.30 on July 1st.

Moved Buckmaster, seconded Gill, that the report be accepted and placed on file. All, yea.

Moved Kenney, seconded Farris, that the rules be suspended and visitors allowed to address Council. All, yea.

Mr. Wm. Hall and Mr. W. S. Alyea addressed Council with reference to securing a franchise through city for the Central Florida Interurban Railway Company. Same to run over Thirteenth Street from eastern city limits to Florida Avenue. Over Florida Avenue to Cypress Avenue and to western corporate limits over Cypress Avenue. Also right to construct dock and wharf between Florida and Pennsylvania Avenues. Also track on Florida and Pennsylvania Avenues from Cypress Avenue to the dock and wharf. Track over Twelfth Street from Florida Avenue to Massachusetts Avenue, over Massachusetts Avenue from Twelfth Street to Tenth Street, over Tenth Street from Massachusetts Avenue to Florida Avenue.

The matter of franchise was discussed and the gentlemen were requested to have their attorney draw a franchise and present same to city solicitor for his opinion.

Moved Gill, seconded Kenney, that Superintendent of Streets be authorized to dispose of the barbed wire fence around the City Park. All, yea.

Moved Buckmaster, seconded Farris, that the following bills be allowed:

T. A. Horn, hay\$24.66
Kissimmee Tel. Co., rent 8.31
J. F. Daniels, repairs city hall. . 75
I. L. Overstreet, recording mortgage 1.90
Geo. J. Clark, park contract 16.00
Ernest Vockrodt, street work. . 20.40
Chas. H. Sapp, street work. . 20.40
Roll call: Buckmaster, yea; Cummings, yea; Farris, yea; Gill, yea; Kenney, yea.

Moved Farris, seconded Kenney, to recess to July 26th. All, yea.

J. I. CUMMINGS,
President pro tem of the Council.
Attest: Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

ATTENTION!

Veterans and widows of the Fourth Michigan Volunteer Cavalry, Co. L, and C, and Fifteenth Company, Second Battalion, V. R. C.

I, Asa D. Stebbins, would like to receive a postcard with their name and address as soon as possible of each and every one living belonging to the above regiment, and I will send to each a picture of wife and myself taken on our fifty-eighth wedding anniversary. I will also send each one a copy of our city paper—The St. Cloud Tribune.

Asa D. Stebbins, Companies L and C, Fourth Michigan Volunteer Cavalry and Fifteenth Company, Second Battalion, V. R. C., St. Cloud, Fla.

Address Asa D. Stebbins, St. Cloud, Florida.

48-11

GREAT GIFT TO CREW OF DEUTSCHLAND

**Crew Won Donor's Admiration
By Bringing Unseen Craft
Safely Across Ocean**

The New York Herald says a concrete example of the admiration which the crew of the Deutschland won by bringing their undersea craft from Bremen to Baltimore was furnished by the announcement of a gift of \$10,000 to the sailors from Mr. August Heckscher of 622 Fifth Avenue, New York, a real estate dealer and president of the Commonwealth Real Estate Company. Mr. Heckscher's check for that amount was sent to Mr. Charles von Helldorf of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, and endorsed by him to the order of Captain Paul Koenig, to be divided among his men.

SUBMARINE AGAINST A ZEPPELIN

(Continued from page 2)

tention of marring a notable success by losing the boat that won it.

"Down you go," said he to his prisoners, pointing towards the conning tower.

"What, in there?" exclaimed one of them, aghast.

"Yes, and quick about it."

Although they did not at all like it, the prisoners were jammed into the interior of the boat, whither the commander followed them, closing

the conning tower behind him, and the submarine dived with a celerity that, as one of them later admitted, frightened the captives half out of their lives.

When the cruiser reached the spot she found there only the wilted-up remnants of a Zeppelin. Gone was the submarine, swallowed completely by the sea, and not a trace of her visible anywhere. Through the chilly depths she was speeding for home with her good news—and a batch of much-frightened prisoners to corroborate it.

Nor did the cruiser stay long around searching for her. Over the edge of the horizon leaped certain black hulls and the cruiser promptly put on her best speed to escape the stings of sea-hornets that buzzed viciously along in her wake.

HOW MINES ARE LAID.

One of the ways in which the belligerent nations lay mines in harbors and other waters is described in the July Popular Mechanics Magazine. On one deck of a vessel are several narrow tracks supporting the mines, each of which is mounted on wheels. Each mine is in turn rolled to the stern, and, by means of special launching tracks, is dropped into the sea without tilting. A mine of the character described is made up of three parts: A spherical floating chamber, containing the explosive, etc., an anchor chamber which is connected with the former by a cable, and a weighted sounding line. The length of the latter is equal to the depth at which the mine is to float. When the end of the sounding line strikes bottom the lessening of its pull throws a pawl which prevents the drum in the anchor chamber from paying out more cable to the sphere. Consequently the latter is drawn under water to a depth equal to the length of the sounding line, as the anchor chamber settles to the bottom.

St. Cloud City Delinquent Tax List

NOTICE is hereby given, That the following described Lots, or so much thereof as will be necessary to pay the amount due for taxes, herein set opposite to the same, together with cost of such sale and advertising, will be sold at public auction on the

7th Day of August, A. D. 1916

at 12:00 M (noon) in front of the City Hall at St. Cloud, Osceola County, State of Florida:

Lots	Blocks	Owner	Amt. Taxes and Costs
3, 4	1	Mrs. Jas. R. Elson	.85
9	3	H. L. Siler	.65
18	4	Emma H. Stebbins	.65
19, 20, 21	4	A. & E. M. Hoyt	1.05
22	4	A. Utz	.65
8, 9	5	C. H. George	.85
21	6	W. G. Foster	.75
20	7	John Boyer	.85
23, 24	12	A. R. McGill	1.45
18	14	J. Haish	1.05
5	15	E. G. Mears	1.45
10	17	W. L. Gardner	.95
11, 12	17	C. A. Ladson	2.95
22	18	David Snyder	.85
7	19	Mary McGregor	.85
23	19	Guy W. Crawford	.85
19	24	R. P. Benhaer	.65
23, 24	24	J. & H. S. Haish	.85
2	25	S. Slaymaker	.65
8	26	Henry Keller	.85
22	27	John Cain	.65
3	28	F. Deal	.65
12	29	Earl A. Trowbridge	.65
22	29	C. R. Platt	.65
5, 6	30	Jas. Dealer	.85
16	30	Jos. Carter	.65

PETROLEUM AS LOCOMOTIVE FUEL

Figures just made public by the United States Geological Survey disclose a marked increase in the use of petroleum as a locomotive fuel by the railroads of the United States in 1915. The data at hand show that the quantity of oil so consumed last year was 36,648,466 barrels, an increase of 5,555,200 barrels, or 18 per cent, over the similar consumption in 1914. This increase is ascribed to the relatively low prices prevailing for fuel grades of oil during the last year and a half as a result of the increased production of low-grade crude in the Gulf Coast States and in Mexico and of the augmented output of suitable residuals from refineries operating in ever-increasing number in Oklahoma and Kansas.

The total distance covered by oil-burning locomotives in 1915 was 124,255,525 miles and the average distance covered per barrel of oil fuel consumed was 3.39 miles. Oil fuel is now used to some extent on forty railroads in the United States, having tracks in twenty-one States.

IT'S EASY TO READ NOW



Good light banishes eye strain. The way to better light is the electric way with modern electric light bulbs which give cheerful clear light in abundance for extremely low light expense.

You will find quality lamps and other quality electrical goods at our store.

FOR SALE BY
J. A. MCCARTHY
Everything Electrical
Minn. Ave. & 9th St. ST. CLOUD, FLA.

Immense Sale of Natol Pineapple Pepsin in Our City

There has just been received another large consignment of Natol Pineapple Pepsin Compound. Its soothing, stimulating effects and the fact that chemically it resembles the digestive fluids of the stomach makes it an ideal medicine for all forms of stomach trouble, poor digestion, and bowel disorders. It is made from Pineapple Juice and Pepsin combined with other useful ingredients. 50c trial size bottles. All druggists and Seminole Pharmacy. 48-11

DAY PHONE 51 NIGHT PHONE 77

Bailey's Transfer Automobile For Hire

Five-Passenger Car \$1.50 Per Hour

SPECIAL RATES BY THE DAY

Licensed chauffeur familiar with this section of Florida

HEADQUARTERS AT
MARINE'S DRUG STORE

DAY OR NIGHT CALLS
PROMPTLY ANSWERED

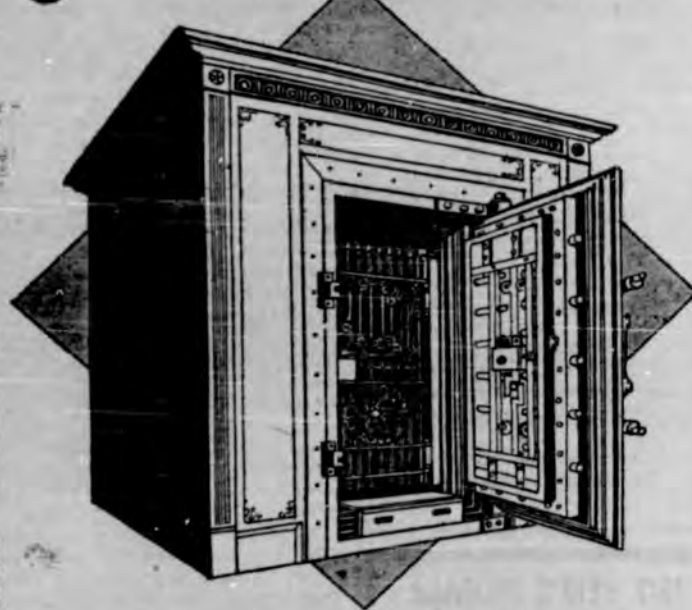
BUSINESS DIRECTORY and BUYER'S GUIDE

Pat Johnston JOHNSTON & GARRETT Attorneys-at-Law Offices: 10, 11, 12, Citizen's Bank Bld., Kissimmee, Fla.	G. P. Garrett Fire Insurance A. E. DROUGHT Notary Public Pension Claim Agent Taxes Paid Deeds Recorded	Real Estate
TIN & SHEET METAL WORKS WALTER HARRIS New York Ave and 11th St.	LEWIS O'BRYAN Attorney at Law Kissimmee, Fla.	
S. D. DECKER Attorney and Notary Public, Property for Sale or Rent. Pennsylvania Avenue.	ST. CLOUD TAXPAYERS AGENCY. A. E. Drought, Mgr. State, County and City Taxes paid, Abstracts furnished, Deeds and Wills recorded, Estates administered.	

RO-SAN

Closets and Lavatories
J. H. DeGRAW, Agent.
Mass Ave. St. Cloud
47-tf

THESE STEEL WALLS ARE for YOUR PROTECTION



*Our Banking Methods
Are Based on Years
of Experience*

ONLY NATIONAL BANK IN OSCEOLA COUNTY

Interest Paid on Time Deposits

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
St. Cloud, Florida

\$42.00 NEW YORK and Return
\$42.00 PHILADELPHIA and Return
\$50.50 CHICAGO and Return
\$40.00 CINCINNATI and Return

Tickets on sale daily with final limit Oct. 31st.

THROUGH SLEEPERS DINING CARS

—VIA—

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Standard Railroad of the South

For information or reservations call on

O. C. KNIGHT, Ticket Agent.

St. Cloud,

J. O. KIRKLAND, Div. Pass'r Agent, Tampa, Fla.

Lots	Plots	Owner	Amt. Taxes and Costs
17	30	Mrs. J. R. Esen	.85
19	30	Mrs. S. R. Patterson	.65
6	31	E. K. Tins	.85
16, 17	31	J. E. Myers	.65
18	31	F. M. Grigsby	.65
20	31	Thos. B. Smith	.65
7, 8, 17, 18	32	G. O. & A. M. Ricketts	1.25
12	35	H. V. Schoick	.65
15, 16, 17, 18	35	P. E. Sanders	1.25
20	36	A. C. Maxson	.65
15, 16	37	C. G. Chamberlain	1.05
24	37	L. M. Stevens	.75
9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16	38	A. B. Connelly	2.85
7, 8	43	F. Diehl	1.25
21, 22	43	N. Owen	2.65
N 7 1/2 ft. 18, 19, 20, 21	47	A. M. Vance	5.15
3, 4	52	H. M. Stafford	1.25
5	52	James L. Moore	.85
23, 24	52	G. M. Hedges	1.25
1, 2	53	C. D. McDougal	1.25
5, 6	54	Mary Florence	.85
17	54	Chas. W. Renner	.85
9, 10	57	M. J. Anderson	1.05
12	57	Watson Titus	.65
17	58	C. A. Beaman	.65
18	58	F. Theobald	.65
4	60	Chas. Stenford	.65
2	62	W. B. Treadwell	.75
10	62	E. G. Marshall	.75
13	62	J. D. Davis	.75
15	63	Geo. W. Rogers	.75
2	64	W. Blatchly	.85
15	64	W. W. Claycomb	.85
18	64	D. Howard	.85
11	66	Jas. H. Mosher	.95
19	71	J. B. Padgett	1.15
N 1/2 21, 22	72	M. J. Howell	1.45
1, 2, 5, 6, 23, 24	73	G. W. Grant	5.45
6	75	A. Utz	1.45
13, 14	80	B. R. Tilton	.95
7	82	E. J. Bevan	.85
20	82	J. H. Hepler	.65
21	84	Isaac Reynolds	.65
1, 2	85	Alvay Fagna	.85
5	85	Mrs. Bertha Kloss	.85
20	85	Chas. Hume	.65
6	86	H. Peiper	.65
16	86	J. G. Monogal	.65
8	87	J. W. Masterson	.65
15	87	S. M. Littler	.65
23	87	Lydia Monroe	.65
10	88	V. E. Strong	.65
18	88	J. W. Masterson	.65
19	88	J. S. Radenbush	.65
24	88	G. B. Shakespeare	.65
2	89	J. W. Nichol	.65
10	89	Ford & Cove	.65
18	89	W. F. McKenzie	.65
22	89	G. R. Nichols	.65
9	90	J. H. Duncan	.65
23, 24	92	L. K. Ford	.85
13	95	W. F. Corkum	.75
13, 14	96	A. R. McGill	1.05
3, 4, 5, 6	99	G. B. Caldwell	2.45
8	100	S. L. Mock	.95
24	102	J. H. Mosier	1.05
9, 10	104	H. D. Spangenberg	2.65
1, 2, 3, 4	105	G. W. Marsh	9.45
5	106	Mrs. Mary Davis	1.15
3, 4	107	O. A. Corwin	1.85
11	110	Jno. J. Miller	.85
5, 6	112	E. & L. A. Roberts	1.05
12	112	J. W. Griggsby	.75
8, 9, 10, 11	120	J. C. Harner	1.45
3	121	Patrick Schuman	.75
8, 9	122	J. A. Irvine	1.25
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	130	Makinson Co.	18.45
2	131	Alex John	3.85
6	142	F. Reeder	.65
1	145	C. H. Campbell	.65
17	147	D. J. Ham	.60
14	148	Stephen Staffey	.60
16	148	J. S. Krouse	.60
22	148	G. W. Reimer	.60
16	149	E. L. Wilson	.60
13	151	Jas. Jordan	.60
7, 8	156	I. J. Scriber	1.65
1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12	159	D. C. & Ethel Thompson	8.15
12	160	1913 taxes, W. Milar	12.45
12	160	1914 taxes, W. Milar	13.65
12	160	Wm. Milar	11.45
21, 22	160	W. A. Phillips	2.85
11	162	J. J. Padgett	3.45
11, 12	167	Geo. Mitchell	2.95
23, 24	167	Jas. Laughlin	1.45
3, 4	170	J. W. Nelson	1.15
3	171	C. Bickford	.65
12	171	D. L. Stone	.65
15	173	A. H. Curtis	.65
11	174	Jno. S. Buck	.65
9	175	Robt. Galbraith	.65
23, 24	175	D. N. Stewart	.85
11, 12	176	Jno. Wetzstein	.85
18	177	F. E. Davis	.65
10	180	O. E. Reynolds	.80
10	181	L. J. Wilkinson	.85
17	182	A. Utz	1.25
5	184	Miss E. M. Stewart	1.20
23, 24	186	Ada Bass	2.95
5, 6	193	Eliza E. Hoops	1.65
10, 12	196	Wm. Montsdeoca	5.35
9, 10	197	T. C. Rawson	1.05
17, 18	197	W. Conger	1.05
19	197	C. A. Boardman	.75
7, 8	198	Paul Buckley	.75
3, 4	199	A. B. Connelly	.75
6	199	F. L. McKinsick	.60
7, 8	200	Silas Miles	.75
1	201	S. S. Denesha	.60
2	204	Anna M. Weaver	.60
16, 17	204	D. J. Hillman	.60
2	205	A. B. Connelly	.60
17	205	W. D. Hall	.60
17, 18	207	J. T. Koenig	.75
19	207	Fred J. Andrews	.60
23	209	J. Remick	.60
9	210	Sarah A. Fulton	.65
3, 4	211	E. Corl	.85
5, 6	211	W. C. Prentiss	1.45
21	213	G. B. Burnside	.85
20	215	J. A. Van Aradale	1.05
24	215	J. K. Manners	1.05
21, 22	216	E. G. Getchell	2.95
24	217	W. H. McLaughlin	1.15
7	225	J. R. Powell	.95
21, 22	228	J. S. Huddleston	1.15
22	230	Mrs. Forest Sanders	.85

Lots	Blocks	Owner	Amt. Taxes and Costs
3	232	W. P. Gould	.65
16	233	C. Albright	.60
7	234	C. W. Ball	.60
12	234	C. Beckford	.60
21	234	L. A. Hipolite	.60
17, 18, 21, 22	235	J. J. Burke	1.05
9, 10	238	F. J. Deschel	1.05
15, 16	238	F. C. Floyd	1.05
11, 12	239	Geo. Bersinger	1.25
21	239	W. Brunk	.85
17	242	Lena Wilham	.95
4, 5, 6, 7	248	W. R. Murry	2.45
16	249	J. C. Barnaby	.95
22	252	Sadie Millar	2.65
19	253	Unknown	.80
21	253	Walter Wiemer	.80
24	253	H. C. Nesbitt	.80
21, 22, 23, 24	254	Mitchell Peterson	1.95
1	255	J. O. Horman	.60
16, 17	255	Wm. Armour	.75
3, 4	256	McDonald	.75
8, 9	256	Stacy Lea	.75
23	257	H. C. Means	.60
20	258	Wm. Kelso	.60
24	258	Sam. Baskness	.60
6	259	C. M. Heaton	.60
17	259	W. W. Kinney	.60
17	259	Mrs. G. W. Brinningshall	.60
9	260	Albert E. Porter	.60
16	260	John Oertle	.60
2	261	G. B. Greene	.60
6	262	J. W. Jaycox	.60
22	262	P. M. Newberry	.60
19	263	B. F. Moness	.60
3, 4	264	Jas. McGreachen	.75
21, 22, 23, 24	265	O. S. Watts	1.05
3, 4	266	C. George	.75
7	267	Mrs. A. M. Bair	.60
12	268	Lewis Whipple	.60
22	268	M. A. Kleogh	.60
21	269	F. M. Head	.60
2	272	A. M. Coburn	.65
9	273	J. C. Lindsey	.65
5, 6	274	W. H. Eaton	2.05
20	274	W. R. Helms	.75
16	280	S. Scruggs	.85
19	280	J. T. Zaia	.85
23, 24	280	Mrs. M. Hammer	1.25
9, 10	281	W. C. Jerome	1.05
19, 20	281	J. P. Buckley	1.05
4	282	J. W. Bowser	.75
10	283	E. A. Thompson	.75
4	286	E. K. Keatner	.60
9	286	O. C. B. Sears	.60
17	286	M. Traville	.60
24	289	John Oertle	.60
3	290	S. S. Redout	.60
17	291	J. W. Newman	.60
24	291	Susan R. Stratton	.60
18	292	Wm. Quinn	.60
9	293	L. R. Seymore	.60
16	296	E. R. Boutwell	.60
2	297	I. Broadhurst	.70
18	298	W. H. Churchill	.70
15	299	W. Weightman	1.05
12	300	Mrs. Sherwood	.65
22	301	J. J. Davis	.65
7	302	A. B. Connelly	.65
1	304	J. Murry	.85
1, 2	305	C. W. Nelson	.85
24	306	Ida Clubina	.65
15, 16	309	G. W. Tourlette	.75
11	309	G. D. Flint	.60
9	310	J. E. Wright	.60
23	310	J. L. B. Harden	.60
13	311	J. Dunbar	.60
14	311	F. L. Sweeny	.60
15	311	F. O. Sweeny	.60
16	311	M. D. Sweeny	.60
19	312	D. A. Edmonson	.60
21	312	W. N. Hathaway	.60
6	313	Jno. W. Watson	.60
22	314	J. M. Turner	.60
5	315	J. E. Morgan	.60
10	315	Jos. Tabbit	.60
22	316	A. B. Nelson	.60
6	317	J. D. English	.60
10	317	Josh McKeever	.60
13	318	Caroline Wolf	.60
22	318	W. L. Donackley	.60
1, 2	319	A. C. Lawrence	.75
12	320	D. T. Burns	.60
18	320	Chas. Mann	.60
5	321	T. B. Stein	.60
1, 2	322	John W. Spurlock	.75
10	322	J. D. Gibson	.60
12, 13	324	S. Hackenberg	.75
15	325	A. C. Tuttle	.60
16	325	C. C. Higgin	.60
11	326	U. Lindsey	.60
17	326	Marion Bradford	.60
10, 11, 12	330	M. McGrew	.90
13, 14	333	H. E. Wyatt	.75
15	333	Henry Attenberg	.60
10	339	J. H. Hepler	.60
1, 2, 3	343	W. E. Cook	.90
10	343	J. M. Kinaley	.60
8	344	T. J. Mahoney	.60
9	344	S. D. Jameson	.60
10	344	Levi Chancy	.60
17	345	M. B. Hall	.60
15	347	C. Donovan	.60
1, 2, 3, 4	354	C. H. Johnson	.50
8	371	C. W. Deputy	1.15
8	372	W. H. Allen	1.15
3	377	Henry Grimm	1.15

St. Cloud, Osceola County, Florida.

D. H. GILL,
Tax Collector.

ORIGIN OF "DUMDUMS" EXPLAINED

Native Troops of India First Used Them During the Chitral Campaign

The wide publicity given in the public press to the accusations that the various nations now in conflict in Europe have been making use of "dumdum" bullets brings out the fact that very few people know what a "dumdum" is, and what is more to the point in the present circumstances, fewer still have any idea of the widely varying character of gunshot wounds.

During the Chitral campaign in India, in 1895, the native troops found that the nickel-jacketed lead bullets they were using were not as effective as they wished; that is, they did not "stop" their man, says the Scientific American. They found the difficulty could be overcome by partially stripping off the nickel jacket and exposing the leaden head. These bullets, because they came from the Dumdum Ammunition Works, at Calcutta, were known as "dumdums." They became greatly distorted when striking a soft body, spreading out into something like a mushroom shape and producing a very serious wound.

This is the true dumdum bullet. It will be appreciated that, as in the Indian campaign, the bullet can be easily prepared by any soldier individually without the knowledge of his superiors, and if such bullets have been used in the present war this is their undoubted source.

WHITE LEAD KEEPS NUTS ON FARM MACHINERY

Every farmer is troubled more or less by the loss of nuts from farm machinery, or by the threads becoming rusted, causing the bolt to twist off when it is necessary to remove the nut. Here is a remedy, and you will do well to make use of it some day when it is raining, and you have time to spare, says the Raleigh (N. C.) Progressive Farmer.

Remove all nuts and dab the threads of the bolts with white lead, then replace nuts and tighten. The white lead will harden and make a water-tight coating on the threads of the bolts and nuts and will also keep the nuts from vibrating loose. Although the lead will keep the nuts from shaking loose, it will also make the nuts easily removed with a wrench, as all rust is prevented. The writer has seen this method in use for years, and it is a great preventative of trouble, especially on machinery that is exposed to a great amount of vibration, as mowing machines, binders, etc.

FIRST CARTOON.

The first cartoons printed in America were drawn by George Horace Lorimer's predecessor as editor of the Saturday Evening Post, Ben Franklin pictured the disunited colonies as a man with his arms and legs cut off. Again he represented them as a bundle of sticks—unbreakable when bound together, but easily broken when taken separately.—Philadelphia Ledger.

FLORIDA'S STRONGEST LITERATURE.

The Leesburg Commercial says that in these days of fancy printing and alluring pictures, the local newspaper stands forth as the strongest literature that can be sent out of Florida. And this fact is being recognized more and more as time passes.

This is especially true of Florida because the weekly newspapers of Florida average a great deal higher in appearance, in subject matter handled and in literary tone than do the weekly papers of any Northern State in our knowledge.

FREE LIBRARY SERVES BLIND.

Uncle Sam rarely engages in a work of real charity, but Uncle Sam will carry a book to and from a public library for any blind person, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

John Ashurst, who has the advantage of being a live man as well as a live librarian, says that the Free Library, in Philadelphia, of which he is now the head, has 5500 volumes in embossed type for use of the blind.

And don't think that these books are merely for exhibition purposes. Quite the contrary, I assure you. The

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN COURT OF THE COUNTY JUDGE.
STATE OF FLORIDA.
In re Estate of J. Osceola County.
Charles D. Tyler, Executor.
To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate:
You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Charles D. Tyler, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned executor of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.
Dated July 11, A. D. 1916.
ALICE C. NUTE,
Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN COURT OF THE COUNTY JUDGE.
STATE OF FLORIDA.
In re Estate of J. Osceola County.
Fred Deal, Executor.
To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate:
You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Fred Deal, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned administrator of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.
Dated May 23, A. D. 1916.
A. E. DROUGHT,
Administrator.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, STATE OF FLORIDA, SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, OSCEOLA COUNTY, IN CHANCERY.

Ada Mills Relda, Complainant,
vs.
Eugene Edward Relda, Defendant.

It appearing by affidavit appended to the bill filed in the above-stated cause that Eugene Edward Relda, the defendant therein named, is a non-resident of the State of Florida, and is a resident of the City of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, and is over the age of twenty one years; it is therefore ordered that said non-resident defendant be and he is hereby required to appear to the bill of complaint filed in said cause on or before Monday, the 7th day of August, A. D. 1916, otherwise the allegations of said bill will be taken as confessed by said defendant.

It is further ordered that this order be published once a week for four consecutive weeks in the Saint Cloud Tribune, a newspaper published in said County and State.

(Circuit Court Seal.)

This July 5th, 1916.

J. L. OVERSTREET,
Clerk Circuit Court.
Johnston & Garrett,
Solicitors for Complainant.

45-5t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN COURT OF COUNTY JUDGE
STATE OF FLORIDA.
Estate of
Ferdinand Schellschmidt

To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all persons having Claims or Demands Against said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Ferdinand Schellschmidt deceased, late of Osceola county, Florida, to the undersigned executor of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated June 1, A. D. 1916.

A. E. DROUGHT,
Executor.

47-0t

PROCLAMATION

CALLING FOR ELECTION FOR
BONDING THE CITY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1916.

WHEREAS the Council of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, at its regular session held July 10th, 1916, passed an Ordinance which has been approved by the Mayor, authorizing the Mayor to call a special election for the City of St. Cloud, to be held for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said City for approval or rejection the issuance of bonds of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, in the aggregate sum of One Hundred and Fourteen Thousand Dollars to be issued for the purposes hereinafter specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, J. I. Cummings, Acting Mayor of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, under and by the authority vested in me by Chapter 7237 of the Laws of Florida, approved June 1, 1915, and the Ordinance of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, passed July 10th, 1916, do hereby call a special election for the City of St. Cloud, Florida, to be held

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1916,
for the purpose of submitting to the

blind come within a shade of being as persistent patrons of free reading as those who have good eyes.

Thus, every book for the blind was read five times last year; or, rather, the books read were five times the total number of volumes in the library.

Circulation of other books was only about five and a half times the number of volumes, which shows that those who have eyes devour but few more books than do the blind.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

electors of said City for approval or rejection the issuance of bonds of said City of St. Cloud, in the following amounts and for the following purposes:

(1) \$72,000.00 for the construction of a complete water works plant and system.

(2) \$21,000.00 for sanitary sewer and sewer disposal plant.

(3) \$15,000.00 for the grading, paving, draining and curbing of the following streets:

(a) New York Avenue, forty feet wide from the South side of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad South to the South side of Eleventh Street.

(b) Pennsylvania Avenue, forty feet wide from the South side of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad South to the South side of Thirteenth Street.

(c) Tenth Street twenty-six feet wide from the West side of Massachusetts Avenue to the East side of Florida Avenue.

(d) Eleventh Street, twenty-six feet wide from the west side of Massachusetts Avenue to the East side of Florida Avenue.

(4) \$4,000.00 for refunding outstanding notes.

(5) \$2,000.00 for sinking fund.

Only resident electors otherwise qualified, who shall also own real estate within the corporate limits, and who shall have paid taxes thereon for the year when taxes were last due shall be entitled to vote in said election.

For the purpose of holding said election I hereby appoint the following Inspectors:

John Anderson,

J. B. Harris.

Lynn Daugherty.

At the election herein provided for there shall be elected three bond trustees whose duty shall be to negotiate all bonds issued under this act, to keep safely the moneys arising from the sale thereof, and to pay them out on city warrants issued for the purposes aforesaid, and designate the fund on which they are drawn.

The candidate for bond trustee receiving the highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1918, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the second highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1917, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the third highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1917, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the fourth highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1917, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed hereto the corporate seal of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, this 14th day of July, A. D. 1916.

J. I. CUMMINGS,

Acting Mayor of the City of St. Cloud.

Attest: FRED B. KENNEY,

City Clerk.

47-5t

AN ORDINANCE

An Ordinance Providing for the Issuance by the Mayor and City Council of Bonds for the Purpose of Construction of a Water Works Plant, a Sanitary Sewer and Sewer Disposal Plant, and Grading, Paving, Draining and Curbing Certain Streets, for a Sinking Fund, and the Calling of a Special Election for the Approval or Rejection of the Issuance of Said Bonds by the Electors of St. Cloud, Florida.

Be it Ordained by the City Council of St. Cloud, Florida:

Section 1. The Mayor and Council of the City of St. Cloud, Florida, subject to the provisions of Sections 2 and 3 of this Ordinance, are hereby authorized to issue bonds of said City under the seal of the Corporation in the amounts and for the purposes herein specified; said bonds to be signed by the Mayor and attested by the Clerk, with interest coupons attached, which shall be signed in like manner:

(a) \$72,000.00 for the construction of a complete water works plant and system.

(b) \$21,000.00 for sanitary sewer and sewer disposal plant.

(c) \$15,000.00 for the grading, paving, draining and curbing of the following streets:

(1) New York Avenue, forty feet wide from the South side of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad South to the South side of Eleventh Street.

(2) Pennsylvania Avenue, forty feet wide from the South side of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad South

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

to the South side of Eleventh Street.

(3) Tenth Street, twenty-six feet wide from the West side of Massachusetts Avenue to the East side of Florida Avenue.

(4) Eleventh Street, twenty-six feet wide from the West side of Massachusetts Avenue to the East side of Florida Avenue.

(d) \$4,000.00 for refunding outstanding notes.

(c) \$2,000.00 for sinking fund.

Section 2. The Mayor shall, as soon as practicable after the passage and approval of this Ordinance, issue his proclamation calling a special election for the City of St. Cloud to be held not less than thirty days from the date of said proclamation, for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said town the approval or rejection of the issuance of the bonds provided for in Section 1 of this Ordinance.

Section 3. The Mayor shall in his proclamation calling the election herein provided, name three electors of the town of St. Cloud who shall act as Inspectors of said election. Should any of the Inspectors so appointed fail or refuse to qualify the Mayor shall be authorized at any time prior to the opening of the polls to name additional Inspectors. The Inspectors conducting the election aforesaid, shall immediately after the polls have been closed count the votes for and against the different proposed items for issuing bonds, and also the votes for the different candidates for Trustees, and immediately certify the result of same to the City Council.

Section 4. At the election to be held, as provided in Sections 2 and 3 of this Ordinance, only resident electors otherwise qualified, who shall also own real estate within the corporate limits and who shall have paid taxes thereon for the year when taxes were last due, shall be entitled to vote.

Section 5. The bonds issued under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be payable at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, and to be due in not less than one year nor more than thirty years from the date of issuance, as the Council may determine after approval of the issuance of said bonds by the electors, and no bond shall be placed for sale upon the general market until first offered for a period of two months to the citizens and residents of St. Cloud by published notice in the St. Cloud Tribune. The bonds herein provided for shall be sold at not less than par value.

Section 6. At the election for the approval or rejection of the bonds hereinbefore provided for there shall be elected three bond trustees whose duty shall be to negotiate all bonds issued under this act, to keep safely the moneys arising from the sale thereof, and to pay them out on city warrants issued for the purposes aforesaid, and designate the fund on which they are drawn. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1918, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the second highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1918, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the third highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1917, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years. The candidate for bond trustee receiving the fourth highest number of votes cast shall serve until his successor is chosen and qualified at the regular city election in 1917, and thereafter his successor shall serve for a term of three years.

Section 7. Bond trustees elected as hereinbefore provided shall give official bonds in favor of the City of St. Cloud each in the sum of One Thousand Dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties. Said bond trustees shall each receive the sum of Ten Dollars per annum as compensation, and shall be required to make their report to the City Council ONCE in each three months.

Section 8. If the result of the election provided for in Section 2 of this Ordinance be against the issuance of bonds for all of the proposed improvements then this Ordinance shall be null and void.

Section 9. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Read a first and second time and by unanimous consent read the third time, and passed in open session of the Council, this 10th day of July, A. D. 1916.

J. I. CUMMINGS,

President of the Council pro tem.

Attest: Fred B. Kenney, City Clerk.

Approved this 10th day of July, A. D. 1916.

J. I. CUMMINGS,

Mayor of the City of St. Cloud, Fla., pro tem.

46-4t

If You Have a
Printing Want

WE WANT TO KNOW
WHAT IT IS

Come in and see us at your first opportunity. Do not wait until the very last moment, but give us a little time, and we will show you what high-class work we are producing at this office

St. Cloud Tribune

LET
CLARK & CELLAR

Clean the Lots
For You

HASTY EXIT HANDED TO APPLICANT

Servant Girl's Frankness to Mistress Lost Her a Position

"And how long were you in your last place?" asked Mrs. Croxley, as the most promising and, at the same time, the plainest of the applicants for the vacant situation appeared before her.

"Well, mum," replied the girl, "if I tell the truth, I was no sooner in than I was out again."

"How extraordinary! Can you account for it?"

"No, mum; unless it is that I'm good-looking—not that I say I am, but the lady says to me, 'Your master has a liking for pretty faces, and is a good judge of beauty.'"

"I shouldn't think that was the reason. Come now, tell me. Did nothing else transpire?"

"Not another thing. I just looked at her and said that from what I could see of things, her husband had made at least one mistake. When I came to my senses, I was lying at the foot of the steps with my box on top of me."

EXERCISING FOR HEALTH.

Artificial exercises are excellent, and we should all be familiar with some forms to be used for some definite purposes, but, after all, they are artificial, writes Winifred Raymond in Southern Woman's. It is very lovely indeed to be able to stand on our toes and bend our bodies into a jack-knife, like some of the modern aesthetic dancers, to develop the muscles of our waist line, but there are other ways of doing it. One has no interest in doing artificial exercises except the desired end. Without a co-ordination of mind and body the best results are not to be gained from physical exercise of any kind. In all physical activity, except that which can be termed drudgery, there is a mental co-operation that means half the gain. Set exercises, until they become a habit, lack the needed interest to leave the work; but if the end can be kept in mind clearly enough they are well worth while. The relationship between interest and results is a point recognized by all psychologists.

THE WOMAN WHO SAW.

(New York Sun.)

"Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys Are Marching—"

The first thing the Woman Who Saw knew about the parade which was going on up the next street was when she was almost thrown off the curb by an excited little woman in bright blue, who ran past shouting to heaven knows whom, "There they go!"

And sure enough, there they were. Over and above the heads of the civilians, crowding the sidewalk, one could just discern the glistening bayonets of the guns. "It's the Sixty-ninth," shouted a boy, as he, too, tore up the street. The Woman Who Saw was after. As she was nosing her way to a closer view, she heard a voice, befogged by something more than weather, coach the sideline gazers: "The Stars and Stripes are coming, boys; off with your hats!" As the men all stood uncovered, the Woman Who Saw felt keenly the bondage of her hatpins and wondered why no one had yet invented a salute to the flag for the use of the sex that wears its hair long. In school, she remembered, they used to salute Old Glory with the right hand touching the brow or wave their little white handkerchiefs in greeting—why don't grown-up girls do something like that? Are they waiting to get the vote before showing their allegiance to the symbol of government?

The regular beat, beat, beat of the martial tread was as contagious as the sound of a band, and so, before she was aware of it, the Woman Who Saw was marching up Fifth Avenue with the soldier boys, and finding their tempo none too easy at that. Every window and every doorway along the way was filled with shopkeepers and their clerks, for whom the work of the day had not yet really commenced. There were frequent bursts of applause, usually accompanied with shouts of, "Hey, Bill, we see you. Good luck!" or "There he goes—hurrah! hurrah!" as they singled out a friend or a former counter associate.

In front of the Woman Who Saw shambled a ragged, taggety man, unshaven and very much unpressed as

"BEN" ALLEN ASSIGNED BORDER DUTY

(Continued from page 1.)

great Southwest country. Now, two days into Texas, the second day in the desert, miles and miles of sandy terrain dotted with clumps of sage, cactus and everywhere the mesquite tree.

"Sitting at the car windows we watched prairie dogs perk upon their haunches in alarm, now and then a rabbit scurries away in fright, and birds of strange type and the bare mountain elevations in their strange formation seem to be beyond conception."

"While swimming yesterday I felt something like a fish taking hold of my leg, and after brushing it away several times, reached down and took hold of it and threw it on the land, and found it to be a snake thirty-one inches long."

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

United States manufacturers and dealers bidding for foreign trade are advised to make use of the metric system in their proposals detailing dimensions and measurements, and it will be well if the acceptance of this advice finally shall lead to the more general use of the system in domestic business, says the Philadelphia Bulletin.

Brazil, Chile, Peru, and nearly all the South American countries have formally adopted the metric system, and it is in general use in all the European nations, except Russia and England, where it is permissive. Congress has legalized its use in the United States, establishing a table of standard equivalents in our common measurements, although, unfortunately, the Federal table of weights and measures in this country is a non-enforced standard.

Uniformity of weights and measures throughout the United States is greatly to be desired, and in an interstate commerce which enters into forty-eight jurisdictions would seem to be almost as essential as uniformity in monetary terms, but it is very far from being accomplished, and seems to be possible only when Congress shall exercise the power which is given it by the Constitution.

When this shall be undertaken it will be as easy, if not easier, avoiding the confusion of familiar terms with new significance to establish a standard liter as to decree a new quart, a hectoliter as a new bushel, and if export trade is to become general, and, by the development of exporting combinations, is to enable the small producer or manufacturer to utilize his surplus capacity with the same plant and organization with which he serves domestic trade, there will be a distinct advantage in a single system of measurements which will suffice for both.

IRON COINS IN GERMANY.

The German Treasury Department reports that iron five and ten-penny pieces to the amount of \$3,000,000 have been coined and put into circulation since the war began. The coinage is to be continued until the maximum of \$3,750,000 is reached.

to the trousers, but very much impressed by the sight of the boys marching. Every little once in awhile, whenever he could get near enough to the curb, he would shout: "All right, there, Jimmy, I'm marchin' along, too!" or "Go it, Sonny—I'm watchin' yer!" Evidently he was sending his son to defend his country and speeding him on his way. The Woman Who Saw could not make out which one might be Jimmie, the son, because the whole line of faces of those marching boys presented an impenetrable front of earnestness and pride and full realization of the importance of their duty.

"Maybe they won't have to fight, dear. Nobody's sure!"

"But I do-o-o-o want him to go!" wailed a childish voice behind the Woman Who Saw. And then a quietly dressed woman passed her with a twelve-year-old girl in pink hair ribbons, whose tear-stained face made no concealment of her sorrow at an enforced parting for the good of the nation.

After the Red Cross unit had passed, pedestrians and automobiles crowded in behind the disappearing line of the Sixty-ninth and soon Fifth Avenue was itself again—full of the hustle and bustle of civilians intent upon the business and the pleasures of the day.

Turning into the subway, the Woman Who Saw came to sit next to two gum-chewing dandies who were discussing the Mexican situation in their own way. "O' course it's gran' fer him to go—bein' with the boys and gettin' all that excitement fer nothin'—but what's she got? Seven kids—and no pervider!—Geel!" The rest of her observations she confided to her gum.

DIRTY SPOTS ARE EXPOSED TO LURE ANTS

Simple Methods of Freeing the House From the Com- mon Pests

As long as household conditions are such as to attract ants, measures for getting rid of the insects will be of little value, says a new publication of the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers' Bulletin 740, by C. L. Marlatt.

The first step in freeing a house from these pests is, therefore, to clean up all food that may be scattered about and to keep food supplies which may attract ants in ant-proof metal containers, or in ice-boxes. Cake, bread, sugar, meat and similar substances are especially likely to attract the insects.

The use of baits is not recommended in the bulletin already mentioned, because of the danger that these will serve merely to draw more insects into the house and thus actually to increase the nuisance. Where it can be safely used, however, a syrup poisoned with arsenate of soda has been found effective. The formula for this syrup is one pound of sugar dissolved in a quart of water, to which should be added 125 grains of arsenate of soda. This mixture is boiled and strained and on cooling is used to moisten sponges which are placed where they can be reached easily by the ants. The insects collect the syrup and convey it to their nests, so that the whole colony is ultimately poisoned. Although this method has been found effective, as has been said, it should be remembered that the arsenate of soda is poisonous to human beings and to animals as well as to ants, and that its use must be safeguarded by the greatest precautions.

When the ants can be traced back to their nests and these are in accessible places, it is possible to destroy the colonies by injecting with an oil can or small syringe a little bisulphid of carbon, kerosene or gasoline into the nests. All these substances, however, are inflammable, and precautions must be taken, therefore, against the danger of fire.

Though the common garden or lawn ants, which build their little crater nests around houses, are distinct species from the true house ants, they may find their way into the house. Their colonies may be destroyed by drenching the nests with boiling water or injecting a small quantity of kerosene or coal oil into them. Where larger areas are affected it is sometimes advisable to spray the lawns with kerosene emulsion or with a very strong soap wash prepared by dissolving any common laundry soap in water at the rate of one-half pound to one pound of soap to a gallon of water.

Another method is to inject bisulphid of carbon into the nests, the quantity of the chemical depending upon the size of the nest. After the bisulphid of carbon has been injected, the entrance to the nest should be closed by the foot in order to retain the chemical, which will then penetrate slowly through the underground channel and kill the ants. Although its fumes are disagreeable, they are not poisonous to man and the higher animals.

MODERN SARDINE PACKING.

The invention some fifteen or 20 years ago of the machine soldering operation for the sardine cans as thought to be about the limit of inventions in that industry, says the Augusta (Me.) Kennebec Journal, "but it is now reported that a machine has been devised to automatically fill the cans with cooked sardines, an operation that has always been done by hand. If the machine does what is claimed for it, it will displace hundreds of girls and women who now do that work."

ADDITIONAL ST. CLOUDLETS.

Anson McGill returned yesterday from Orlando, reporting the condition of his wife, who is confined to a sanitarium, to be very encouraging.

Mrs. L. U. Zimmerman left on the 13th inst. for a visit to her parents in Point Marion, Pa. The train from Jacksonville to Washington was held up for twenty-four hours on account of the storm in the Carolinas. She arrived, however, at her destination safely. Before returning to St. Cloud Mrs. Zimmerman will visit Pittsburgh, her former home, and will also go to Berea and Hiram, Ohio.

A TEACHER

By Robert Underwood Johnson, in San Francisco Examiner.

(This original poem, "Inscribed to the Beautiful Memory of One Who Gave Her Life for Her Work," read by the author at the meeting of the National Education Association convention in New York, may well be considered as a tribute to the teaching profession.)

Go, praise the Hero, ye who may;
I sing the Teacher—one for whom
The morrow was but mere today—
Whose fainting labor showed the way
To pluck one's gladness from his
deom.

The leisure others gave to joy
She gave to toil; to fill the day
With wine of wisdom her employ.
She, once as merry as a boy,
Had long forgotten how to play.

I see her, when the scurrying band
Have left her, weary and alone,
Her pale cheek pillowed on her hand,
Watching the wistful evening land
Without repining, tear, or moan.

Mayhap her spirit, never sad,
(Ah, what a challenge memory
stirs!)

Demanded why grim fate forbade
Her motherhood, who gave each lad
The love she might have given hers.

She dwelt within a life-long dream
Of seeing lands of far romance—
Of loitering by Arne's stream,
Of catching Athen's sunset gleam
That can alone its fame enhance.

Still, an unloitered nun she went,
With naught more fretful than a
sigh.

And in her happy task she spent
Her sweetness, like some rose's scent
In sacred treasury laid by.

Her pure devotion did not grieve
Her service by her daily need;
And not her scanty, grudging wage,
Her spectre of forsaken Age,
Could take the beauty from her
creed.

She faced her calling as it stood—
Incessant, onerous, obscure;
Content if she but sometimes could
Be silent partner with the Good
Whose victory was to her so sure.

She knew that all who reach the
height
The path of sympathy have trod;
And pondered, many a wakeful night,
How she could aid with gentle might
The unseen miracles of God.

What though she might not wait the
fruit?

What though she went before the
flower?

She gave the timbre to the lute,
And in the voice that else were mute
Divined the rare, supernal power.

Of all she lent her strength a few
Shall wear her name as amulet.
How many more who struggle through,
Remembering not to whom 'tis due,
Shall still keep memory of the debt!

Oh, could we know of life the whole
Hid record, what an envied place
Were yours upon the honor scroll,
Ye faithful sentries of the soul,
Ye childless mothers of the race!

SCOTLAND UBER ALLIES.

Wherever the Scotchman goes, he becomes a leader, says Samuel P. Orth, in The Century. You hear of the Irish vote, the German vote, the Italian vote, but you hear only of Scottish leadership. He has had a powerful influence on our country.

Our first newspaper was published by a Scotchman; a Scot first won international honors for American letters; the steamboat, telephone, telegraph and electric light were devised by men of Scotch descent. The second college in our land was founded by a Scotch divine; our Constitution was framed and adopted largely by the influence of two Scotch lawyers; our most majestic orator, our most winning politician, our most metaphysical statesman, our greatest diplomatist and our greatest poet were of Scotch lineage. So of many of our business captains and railroad magnates, almost one-half of our Presidents and a large proportion of our Cabinet members, Judges and Governors. Was there ever such a drain of leadership upon a like area?

The Scotch have not alone helped make America. They control Australia, direct New Zealand, lead Canada and rule Africa. For centuries Scot and Briton were bitterest enemies. Edinburgh and Paris conspired against London. The union, when it finally came, was one of crowns and not of hearts. There still lurks jealousy under the surface. Write a letter to a loyal Glasgowian, address it "North Britain," and see what happens.

An advertisement in the Tribune pays a hundred per cent on the investment.

M. W. LAWTON
St. Cloud, Florida
New York Avenue
STAPLE FANCY Groceries, Hay & Feed
Quality and Service at this store
LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN ST. CLOUD
Don't Forget the Place, N. Y. Ave., between 10th and 11th Sts.
PHONE NO. 9

CURIOUS CAVE OF ALADDIN IS NOW OUTDONE

Trickling Water Builds Under- world Palace in the Luray Caverns in Virginia

Half way up the Shenandoah Valley are the Luray Caverns, an underworld palace built by the busy hands of trickling waters. Aladdin, we are told, was once permitted to enter a cave which exhibited such decorations that its glory was both dazzled and affrighted. But Aladdin never beheld anything more wondrously exquisite than the water architecture of Luray, says the National Geographic Magazine.

The throne room is canopied with curtains woven of diamonds and pearls. The Saracen's tent has more than Oriental splendors of richest damasks and golden samite, which drape the crystal couch in festoons of magic beauty. Tania's Veil is woven of petrified spider's web, while the ballroom seems as if set to celebrate a marriage between the gods.

The visitor to Luray today shares the sentiment of another visitor of long ago, who exclaimed, "Mortal bath not made the like, nor human fancy conceived a thing more magnificent!"

THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ASKS

DO YOU

Clean your teeth and then expectorate in the wash bowl?

Omit lunch to reduce weight and then over-eat at dinner?

Go to the country for health and then sleep with your windows shut tight?

Wonder why you have ear-ache and then blow your nose with your mouth shut?

It's worry, not work, which shortens life?

A cold bath every morning is the best complexion remedy?

Poor health is expensive?

The United States Public Health Service has reduced malaria 60 per cent in some localities?

The death rate from typhoid fever in the United States has been cut in half since 1900?

Pneumonia kills over 120,000 Americans each year?

Flyless town has few funerals?

The well that drains the cesspool is the cup of death?

Better wages make better health?

Better health makes better citizens?

Better citizens make a better nation?

The United States Public Health Service found 78 per cent of the rural homes in a certain county unprovided with sanitary conveniences of any kind?

Cholera is spread in the same manner as typhoid fever?

Scarlet fever kills over 10,000 Americans each year?

Hook-worm enters through the skin?

He who builds up health lays up treasure in the Bank of Nature?

RODENTS DESTRUCTIVE.

A statistical person has figured the losses to agriculture as a result of depredations of insects and rodents as \$12 a year for each man, woman and child in the United States.

LEARNING AIDS FARMERS.

A circular recently issued by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station records the results of a comparison made in 1912 between two groups of farmers, viz: 354 who had received only a rural school education and 102 who had received a greater amount of education, extending on an average through two years of high school. From this comparison it appears that the better educated farmer is making an income of 71.4 per cent greater than the farmer with less education, and even after the labor income of the latter is adjusted to allow for his smaller size of business, the difference still amounts to about 40 per cent.

A tablet marking the spot where stood the gunnery used during the Revolutionary War for the manufacture of arms and ammunition was unveiled recently at Gunnersy Spring, Fredericksburg, Va.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO SELL REAL ESTATE.

In Court of County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida.

In re Estate of Fred Deal, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that A. E. Drought, as Administrator of the Estate of Fred Deal, Deceased, will, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1916, apply to the Honorable T. M. Murphy, County Judge in and for said County, at his office in Kissimmee, in said County, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, for authority to sell, at public or private sale, the following-described real estate, in said County, to-wit:

Lots 7 and 8, Block 43, Lot 3, Block 28, in the Town of St. Cloud, Florida, and Tracts Nos. 119 and 122 in Section 25, Township 26, Range 30, and Tract No. 81 in Section 5, Township 27, Range 30, as per plats filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Osceola County, Florida, by the Seminole Land and Investment Company.

Which application will be based upon the petition for such sale now on file in said Court.

Dated July 24, A. D. 1916.

A. E. DROUGHT, Administrator.

48-51

WANT ADS

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Guava and Paw-Paw plants. Also rose bushes, shrubs and flowers of many varieties. Also semi-tropical trees. Vreeland Nursery, Wisconsin and 12th. 39-1f

BEEES FOR SALE—18 colonies in fine condition; 1½ and 2-story hive for extracting. Fine stock. G. L. Sawyer, St. Cloud, Fla. 42-1f

FOR SALE—5-acre tract; fenced, house and well on place; 2½ acres cleared; price \$150. Box 667. 43-1f

4-ROOM HOUSE and 2 lots for sale. This is desirable property with black soil, fully improved, with fruit trees, flowers and vines. Fine water. Good neighborhood. Apply at Tribune office. 46-1f

FOR SALE CHEAP—Two lots, Nos. 57 and 68, located on Lake East Tohopekaliga Boulevard—39 grapefruit, orange and lemon trees—fenced and cultivated. Address Mary F. Stiles, Valparaiso, Ind. 48-21pd

BEEES FOR SALE—3 colonies in 2-frame 2-story hives and 9 colonies in 1½ story to frame. All combs built straight, mostly on wire. Hives, complete, with bees, \$6.00 each. G. L. Sawyer, St. Cloud, Florida. 48-1f

WANTED

WANTED—An invalid chair. Call at Tribune office for particulars.

WANTED—To hire Oct. 1st, a 3 or more room house, furnished, in or near St. Cloud. W. W. Foster, West Dresden, Maine. 48-1f

Umbrella trees wanted. Box 521. 48-1tc

FOR EXCHANGE—Improved farm and city property for stock general merchandise. Full particulars to interested parties. Nelson Realty Co., Kissimmee, Fla. 48-11pd